

The Centre Reporter.

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CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1913.

NO. 26

CAPITOL HILL BAR ROOM.

Spreading Hand On Glass Door is Key That Opens Room 249.

The following appeared in the Harrisburg Patriot of last Friday, and the night previous a resolution was passed by the house to investigate the "joint."

This is not a story of "the black hand," nor has it anything to do with palmistry. Neither is it a tale of digital surgery workings. It is simply the story of the open "sesame," to the first-class beer and whiskey joint that is maintained in the State Capitol.

If you are one of the "elite"—and to become one you need only, in case you drink, to have "gone along" on some of the important pieces of liquor interests legislation that got through both Houses and Senate this session—you can get all the booze you want.

Room 249, located on the Senate side of the central corridor of the Capitol, on the same floor as is both Senate and House, is fitted out with as complete a line of booze as one could well desire. Whiskey, beer and "soft" drinks are to be had without stint, the only requisite being capacity and an ability to keep quiet about the joint.

Entrance is gained in the usual manner of opening a door. But to do this a key must be had. Now to use a key to "249" requires some finesse.

And such a key! Place your right hand—the left will do, of course—on the frosted glass panel in the door of "249" then knock gently with your free hand.

You needn't even call "Open, Sesame!" for a kindly hand will perform that function.

Almost silently the latch will click and you can step inside and drink your fill.

There's no expense. Who pays it? Big liquor interests have gotten all they wanted out of the legislature, both House and Senate, either in the way of "special privilege" bills or the defeat or mutilation of those measures aimed at them. Everything's free. Even the lunch that you might get is free, or at least you won't have to pay for it.

That "special privilege" bar has been in constant operation since the session opened. Senators and Representatives have worn paths in the hard granolithic flooring as they traveled merrily and unsteadily to and fro.

Invitation, by word of mouth, came quite early in the session to nearly all of the Senators and Representatives who were considered "safe" to "come and get a key." Many of them went; some drank, others merely had a look or took a "water"—but none of them peached.

Spout as they would on any and all occasions and subjects, not one member of either branch of the legislature has been known to burst into song about the full fledged bar that operates continuously and without known expense within sound of their mingled voices.

Girls Stop Runaway.

Two Milroy girls, Miss Catharine Fullz and her cousin, Miss Ruth Fullz, exhibited a bit of nerve when at the risk of their lives they stopped a heavy team of runaway horses which were bearing down upon a carriage in which the young ladies were driving with two aged aunts and a small child. They were driving through a narrow lane, and it was impossible to turn aside to allow the driverless team pass. Without hesitation the girls leaped from the carriage and sprang at the frightened horses. One of the girls was lifted from the ground, but she hung bravely onto the bridle, while the other girl was handicapped by a broken bit, but she grasped the other animal in the nostrils and between them they brought the animals to a standstill.

Petition will be made to the Carnegie Hero Commission by interested parties for medals of bravery.

Sechrist-Gardner.

On the 12th inst., Miss Ethel Sechrist, youngest daughter of Rev. and Mrs. J. R. Sechrist, and Milton Gardner, son of Prof. Joseph Gardner, of near Howard, were married at the home of the bride's parents in Dallastown, York county. They will take up housekeeping in Altoona, where the groom is employed.

During the term of ministry of Rev. J. R. Sechrist as pastor of the United Evangelical church in Centre Hall, Mrs. Gardner won many warm friends among the younger set on account of her cheery disposition, who will be pleased to learn of her advent into matrimony.

The grass widow is sometimes a daisy.

GOING FORWARD POLITICALLY.

Armstrong, Bucks, Crawford, Dauphin and Somerset Counties Indorse Reorganization Leaders.

The proceedings of the Democratic County Committee which have recently met for re-organization in various parts of the State, are full of encouragement for all sincere Democrats. Not long ago the committees of Lycoming and Snyder counties which, during the re-organization movement, were under the control of bi-partisan gangsters, dumped the reactionaries and put in their places sincere, earnest, progressive Democrats.

Within the last ten days the Democratic County Committees of Armstrong, Berks, Crawford, Dauphin and Somerset counties have met for re-organization and adopted resolutions formally commending the administration of President Wilson, the conduct of the Democratic State Central Committee under the chairmanship of Hon. George W. Guthrie and the course of the National Committee, A. Mitchell Palmer, showing that those committees are standing true with faces to the front for honesty, progressiveness, the rule of the people, repudiation of bores and for an organization of the Democratic party, local and State, truly representative of the voters and responsive to their will.

Odd Fellows Decorate.

Last Sunday was the day set for decorating the graves of the deceased members of the local order of I. O. O. F., and this tribute of respect was performed by forty Odd Fellows and twenty Rebekahs. The cemeteries visited were those at Sprucetown, Tusseyville, Centre Hill and Centre Hall. The graves were strewn with beautiful flowers. The orator for the occasion was Lawyer S. D. Gettig, of Bellefonte.

Reformed Reunion and Picnic.

The four congregations comprising the Centre Hall Reformed charge will hold a reunion and basket picnic on Grange Park, Centre Hall, Thursday, July 31st. There will be a literary program, and beside the pastor, Rev. R. R. Jones, there will be one or two speakers from a distance.

LOCALS.

Miss Minnie Kline is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. W. Vernon Godshall, in Centre Hall.

Henry Swabb, who has been ill for some months is not improving. His sickness is largely due to his advanced age.

Merchant George O. Benner is having his store and dwelling house repainted. The painters doing the work are Messrs. John Luse and F. E. Arney.

Claud K. Stahl, who holds a clerical position with the Pennys, at Altoona, was at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Stahl, Saturday and Sunday.

T. L. Smith was in State College Tuesday on the transaction of business. He brought home with him his little daughter Louise, who spent a few days with friends.

Tuesday Henry Mitterling left Centre Hall on his Indian motorcycle for Altoona where he will remain for a few days before going to Cleveland, Ohio, where he hopes to secure employment during the summer months.

Prof. Samuel C. Miller, a native of Ferguson township, who last year taught the Larkin grammar school, is now principal of the new Franklin grammar school in the same city—Chester—and is receiving a salary of \$150 per month.

Mrs. Mary Reasick and daughter, Miss Savilla Reasick, on Saturday went to Dewart where they will be entertained for two weeks at the home of the former's niece, Mrs. Sheffer, whose husband is engaged in the manufacture of ice cream.

Merchant and Mrs. C. F. Emery, accompanied by their children, had an enjoyable auto trip Sunday, taking in Cowan, Millinburg and Laurelton. Mrs. Emery and two of the children, Albert and Algie, remained at Laurelton with Mr. Emery's brother, Martin T. Emery, until Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Powell for several days last week were at the home of the latter's sister, Mrs. Milford Luse. Mrs. Powell before her marriage, last fall, was Miss Jennie Kerstetter, of Laurelton, at which place she resides. Mr. Powell is a traveling salesman and his business brought him into this locality at this time.

Rev. Simpson B. Evans, presiding elder in the Methodist church for this district, held the second quarterly conference at Spring Mills on Saturday afternoon, and filled appointments at Sprucetown, Centre Hall and Millheim. While in this place Rev. Simpson and Rev. and Mrs. Lantz and children were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Bartholomew.

New School Principal.

At a recent meeting of the Centre Hall school board Prof. Harry A. Dodson, of Orbisonia, was elected principal of the Centre Hall High School at a salary of eighty dollars per month, with the understanding that if he makes good he is to have his wages increased after two months. Prof. Dodson is a graduate of one of the State Normal Schools and has had some thirteen years experience. He is married, and with his wife and two children will come to Centre Hall to live.

The school term remains at eight months, and while the millage has not yet been fixed it is understood that it will not be changed from the present rate—six for school and two for building purposes.

Potter Twp. School Teachers.

The Potter township school board at a recent meeting elected the following teachers:

Tusseyville, Bertha Miller. Colyer, Frank Kerlin. Pottery Mills (Grammar) Elmer M. Miller. Pottery Mills (Primary) M. Ruth Bower. Centre Hill, Edward F. Mesinger. Earlstown, Dora Ishler. Tusseyville, Charles Horner. Manor Hill, Mary Nell. Egg Hill, Bruce Ripka. Fleisher Gap, Mary Slatterbeck. Pine Grove, Elizabeth Bitner. Pine Stump, Mary Grove. Cold Springs, George Harter.

The finances of the district are in good condition. The tax rate is five mills.

Murder and Suicide.

Mrs. Sarah Seitles, aged forty-seven years, in a fit of jealousy, shot and instantly killed William Hough, aged twenty-eight. It is believed she fired the fatal bullet while Hough was asleep on her couch. The body of the woman was found on the floor.

Mrs. Seitles is a widow and witness at the inquest stated that she had made threats that she would kill Hough, because he paid attention to another and a younger woman.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Harry Keller, Assignee, to Clayton S. Gardner, tract of land in Curtin twp. \$1355.

Susanna Allen's heirs to W. G. Runkle, tract of land in Potter twp. \$1200.

Susan E. McKinney to William Bennett, tract of land in Worth twp. \$240.

Elizabeth S. Meyer to Edna M. McIntire, tract of land in College twp. \$1.

Frank Holt et al to Sarah A. Goodrick, tract of land in Rush twp. \$1. Lehigh Valley Coal Co., to John Daniel, tract of land in Snow Shoe twp. \$100.

Dora E. Fisher to Boro of Unionville, tract of land in Union twp. \$500.

Daniel I. Johnston to Jennie M. Tate, tract of land in Pine Grove Mills. \$650.

E. S. Erb to A. C. Longee, tract of land in State College. \$100.

E. S. Erb to Olive M. Steele, tract of land in State College. \$100.

Anna C. Grove to Arthur M. Grove, tract of land in Potter twp. \$2500.

John C. Barr et al to Harris Harbridge, tract of land in Huston twp. \$1.

Arthur B. Lee, sheriff, to A. C. Mingle, premises in Bellefonte. \$200.

Robert Flick et al to A. Y. Wagner et al, extra, premises in Union twp. \$700.

J. R. Smetzler to John F. Treaster, tract of land in Potter twp. \$10.

John F. Royer et al extra, to John F. Treaster, tract of land in Potter twp. \$340.

Fergus Potter et al to John F. Treaster, tract of land in Potter twp. \$7690.85.

A. C. Mann, exr. to A. P. White, tract of land in Liberty twp. \$225.

Pine Grove Cemetery Association to Henry McCracken, tract of land in Ferguson twp. \$50.

Mary A. Waple et al to Florence L. Twigg, tract of land in N. Phillipsburg. \$400.

Annie E. Matten et al to Ada B. Bullock, tract of land in Boggs twp. \$450.

Lucian Spicher et ux to Lloyd Brown, tract of land in Harris twp. \$100.

Luther D. Fye et ux to Norris B. Martz, tract of land in State College. \$450.

Luther D. Fye et ux to Norris B. Martz, tract of land in State College. \$425.

E. H. Auman et ux to Arthur M. Long, tract of land in Millheim boro. \$12,000.

Arthur M. Long to E. L. Auman Milling Co., tract of land in Millheim boro. \$12,000.

Charles Zelnaka et ux to John Sybota, tract of land in Rush twp. \$250.

The Susquehanna district Knights of the Golden Eagle will hold its annual meeting at Riverside park, Millton, on labor day, September 1.

LETTERS FROM SUBSCRIBERS.

Some Interesting Facts Concerning the Pittsburg District, from Calvin G. Spicher, Editor of the Reporter.

The label on my paper indicates the necessity of a renewal, and I will also send you a description of our town which is a residence place for people employed at the Westinghouse, in Pittsburg and other nearby places. There is no employment except at a few planing mills in Wilkinsburg.

The valuation of property of this borough is over \$20,000,000. School tax, seven and one half mills; borough tax, seven mills; all other taxes three and one half mills. There are six large public school buildings, one is a \$400,000 new high school building—the best high school in the state.

Ordinarily convenient houses rent for from \$25 to \$40 per month, according to size and location; small houses, inconvenient and at undesirable locations, rent at from \$15 up per month. Four years ago I had a convenient house built. To own one's own home is almost as expensive as to rent, as it is expensive to build and to keep them in repair. Masons, carpenters, bricklayers, painters, plasterers, plumbers, and roofers receive fifty-five to sixty-five cents per hour. Shop mechanics receive thirty to forty cents per hour. Men having no trades eighteen to twenty-eight cents per hour. Meals and room, \$25 to \$35 per month.

The P. R. R. extends through the town, having grade crossings. There were so many people killed at these crossings, that now each crossing is guarded by two policemen and two watchmen. There are more than one hundred passenger trains go through here each day. The tracks are now being elevated to overhead crossing, and when completed there will be seven tracks and a new station with a platform one-third of a mile long.

There was a new building erected near the railroad for the postoffice. It is large and equipped with the very latest designs of postoffice furniture and appliances. There are at present forty-one employees in the postoffice, of which I am one, and by July 1st there will be three more employees added to the force.

Respectfully,

CALVIN G. SPICHER.

Wilkinsburg, June 16th, 1913.

Children's Day Service in the Churches.

Children's Day service in the local Lutheran church, scheduled to take place last Sunday, was postponed until next Sunday morning, June 29th. Services in other churches will be as follows:

Tusseyville, Reformed and Lutheran, Saturday evening, June 28th. Centre Hall, Reformed, Sunday evening, June 29th. Tusseyville, United Evangelical church, Sunday evening, June 29th.

Attended Funeral.

The funeral of Mrs. James Runkle at Tusseyville was largely attended. Among those who were there from a distance whose names were given the Reporter were: Mr. and Mrs. James High, and Miss Mary Runkle, Lock Haven; Mr. and Mrs. Harry Bottorf, and Mrs. Elmer Bottorf, Mr. and Mrs. James Bottorf and Minnie and Walter Bottorf, of Newbury; Mr. and Mrs. Calvin Osman and Miss Ruth Osman, Glen Iron; Mrs. Bowersox, Middleburg; Mrs. Rosie Meyer, Buffalo; Mrs. Hulda Sullivan, Philadelphia; W. G. Runkle, Esq., and James Runkle, Bellefonte; Mr. and Mrs. Frank Musser, Penn Hall; Christ Beizer and James Witmer, Bellefonte; Mrs. Rocky and family, Zion; Mr. and Mrs. Robert Musser, Spring Mills; Lizzie Stover, Spring Mills; N. B. Spangler, Esq., and Joseph L. Runkle, Bellefonte; Mrs. Jacob Meyer, Boalsburg; Mrs. E. W. Crawford, Mrs. Sarah Spangler, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Meyers, James Runkle, Miss Laura Runkle, Mrs. J. R. G. Allison, Centre Hall; and Miss Helen Shaffer, Bellefonte.

The automobile can be used to advantage aside from touring and pleasure, as has been demonstrated by Penns and Nittany Valley farmers. Down below Penn Hall George Sheesley hitched an Oldsmobile to a cultivator, and tills his corn to his heart's content. At the noon hour the "Barney of 1913" stands quietly in the corn row until Farmer Sheesley is refreshed, and then the critter's tail is twisted, the engine hums, and away the modern horse goes, taking with it the cultivator. In the suburbs of Lock Haven F. C. Lucas uses a Chalmers car to draw a hay rake, and with that power gathered a fine crop of alfalfa on winrows. These farmers claim that the gasoline driven horse neither gets the bottle nor colic, and needs no pity.

The legislature is due to adjourn today (26th), but will it do so?

DEATHS.

Last week as the Reporter went to press word was received of the death of Mrs. Catharine Runkle, widow of the late James Runkle, of Potter township, and but a brief statement of the death was made.

Mrs. Runkle died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Frank Musser, at Penn Hall, to whose home she had gone on Sunday previous for a few days' visit, and was sick but for a few hours, her heart having been very much affected.

Mrs. Runkle was a daughter of George Spangler, Sr., and was born in Potter township June 20, 1831, making her age eighty-two years less two days. She and her husband for many years lived immediately west of Tusseyville, where they engaged in farming, and since the death of Mr. Runkle in March of 1910, she continued to live there with her son, who conducts the farm.

She was a member of the Reformed church, and her pastor, Rev. R. R. Jones, officiated at the funeral services which were held from the Runkle home on Saturday morning, interment being made in the cemetery at Tusseyville.

The surviving children are: Mary, wife of Harry Bottorf, Newburg; Mrs. Hulda Sullivan, Philadelphia; Lydia, wife of James High, Lock Haven; Alice, wife of Calvin Osman, Glenn Iron; Maggie, wife of Frank Musser, Penn Hall; Hugh, at the home-stead in Potter township; James, near Bellefonte; William Groh, Bellefonte.

William H. Runkle, at Centre Hall, is a half brother, and Mrs. Samuel Shutt, of Centre Hill, and Mrs. John Mitchell, of Williamsport, are half sisters of the deceased.

Mrs. Jane Shreckengast died at Millmont, aged sixty-seven years, nine months and thirteen days, and interment was made at Farmers Mills Wednesday of last week, Rev. Kohler, pastor of the Reformed church at Millinburg, being the officiating minister. Before marriage Mrs. Shreckengast was Miss Jane Grenning, and was born at Tylersville, in Sugar Valley. She was the mother of twelve children, eleven of whom survive; one daughter, Mrs. John Huss, of Spring Mills, and her husband, Luther Shreckengast, having preceded her in death. The surviving children are these: Hamilton E., and Harry, Farmers Mills; Mrs. William Ralston and Mrs. John Hannah, State College; Mrs. John Guthrie, Philadelphia; Mrs. Dr. Heedner, Easton; Mrs. George Hickernell, Nevada; Mrs. Martin Shade, Livonia; Samuel, Altoona; Cyrus, Millmont; Mrs. Charles Taylor, Huntingdon. Two brothers, Thomas, of Tylersville; and Daniel, of California, and two sisters, Mrs. James Cooney, of Jersey Shore; and Mrs. Herman Bressler, of Corning, New York, also survive.

William Stonebraker, of Sandy Ridge, died of typhoid fever, with which he had been ailing for a short time. The deceased, whose age was about thirty-nine years, was unmarried. He was born near Sandy Ridge, where he has always resided, working most of the time in the brick plants there and at Retort.

School Teachers Elected.

At a meeting of the Centre Hall school board held last week, three of the four teachers were elected, namely: Primary, Miss Helen Bartholomew; Intermediate, Thomas L. Moore; Grammar, D. Ross Bushman. The salary in each case is the minimum wages of fifty dollars per month.

It was not money for which D. A. Booser was searching one night last week, as was supposed by some who passed his residence while he was passing over his lawn with a lighted lamp in hand, and face turned downward. Quite to the contrary it was vermin which he learned but recently had been the cause of the grass on his newly-sown lawn turning from a healthy green to a sickly yellow hue. "Night crawlers" had been attacking the roots of the tender plants, and Mr. Booser has since been waging an incessant warfare to exterminate this pest. The "night crawler" is a species of the common earth worm, only it is about six or eight times as large in size. It comes out only at night, and usually lays on the grass with one end of its long slimy body in the hole into which it disappears with lightning-like rapidity upon the approach of an enemy. Mr. Booser however, has learned to "beat him to it," and one night's work usually results in the capture of a pint or more of these destructive pests.

If you intend doing any concrete work it will be worth your while to look into the quality of the cement to be used. Try Alpha Portland, color right and quality guaranteed.—R. D. Foreman.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS

Millheim has a six mills borough and two mills poor tax.

Miss Alice Boon, daughter of Mrs. J. H. Boon, is with her at the Bristol home in Centre Hall.

Miss Ruth Rupp, of State College, spent a few days last week with her cousin, Miss Elizabeth Saunders, in Centre Hall.

Misses Effie J. R. Keller, of Bellefonte, and Margaret Glassner, of Blanchard, graduated from the West Chester State Normal School.

James High, of Lock Haven, was a caller at this office last week. He came here with Mrs. High to attend the funeral of Mrs. James Runkle, at Tusseyville.

Mrs. Sarah Horner, of Colyer, who has reached the ripe old age of seventy-three years, is spending some time with her niece, Miss Elizabeth Runkle, in Centre Hall.

Mr. and Mrs. Oran L. Grove and little daughter, of Red Hill, Monticomey county, are visiting relatives in and about Boalsburg. Mr. Grove is an operator on the Reading railroad.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Jackson, of State College, and the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Stephens, of the same place, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Smith, in Centre Hall.

Miss Ruth Ruble, who for some time had been at the home of her grandmother, Mrs. L. W. Ruble, in Cleveland, Ohio, is at the home of her parents in Centre Hall and will remain for the summer.

Installation services for Rev. L. S. Spangler will be held in the Lutheran church, at Pine Grove Mills, on Sunday, at 10 a. m. His father, Dr. H. H. Spangler, will charge the people and Dr. W. M. Doblin, of Adamsburg, the pastor.

John F. Drum, of Winfield, Union county, while riding a bicycle collided with an auto driven by A. E. Kremer, and was so badly injured internally that he died the following day. He was twenty-nine years of age and leaves a widow.

Prof. Matthew Landquist, M. Mus., of Taylor University, Upland, Ind., had been elected director of the Susquehanna University Conservatory of Music to succeed Prof. H. Anton Dickie, resigned. Prof. Landquist will take charge at the opening of the next scholastic year in September.

A movement is formulating in Union county to assemble former residents of Centre county and hold a picnic. The active parties in the undertaking live in the vicinity of Hartleton, but it is proposed to extend the invitation to all former residents of Centre county regardless of the locality of the county in which they live.

Darlington Brown, a member of the Milroy Boy Scouts, earned a medal when he hiked across the Seven Mountains and on to Centre Hall to the home of his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Krise. He arrived in Centre Hall Saturday afternoon and on Sunday started on his return trip. The distance he covered is twenty-eight miles.

This (Thursday) morning Rev. W. H. Schuyler will leave for Clinton, N. Y., where with his daughter, Miss Eloise Schuyler, he will be among relatives and friends for a period of ten days. From there he will go to Auburn, N. Y., and take the two weeks' course of study in the Summer School of Theology in the Theological Seminary.

W. E. Spangler, who is engaged by the Monon Coal Company in the auditing department, moved from Chicago to Terre Haute, Indiana. The company named changed the location of the department in which Mr. Spangler is employed from Chicago to the Indiana town, and it was to be near his office that Mr. Spangler made the change of residence.

The tenth reunion of the Yearick & Hoy families was held at Hecla park last Thursday. A regular program had been arranged beginning at 10 o'clock and ending at 12 o'clock noon. A portion of the program included an address by Rev. J. Ledy Yearick, of McConnelsburg; reading of the minutes by the secretary, Hon. J. H. Wetzel; financial report by the treasurer, Albert Spayd.

The fact that the Commonwealth Male Quartette, which twice appeared in Centre Hall as numbers in the lecture course, is one of the drawing cards the Chautauqua to be held in Bellefonte in July is putting out, proves that the material furnished by Mr. Arnold is not second grade. What is good enough for summer Chautauquas at the larger towns and cities, ought to satisfy those who patronize the Centre Hall lecture course.

ADMINISTRATION CURRENCY BILL

A General Survey of the Proposed Plan.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

Its Main Purposes Are To Provide a Means For Rediscounting Commercial Paper, Establish a Basis For Elastic Notes, Safeguarded, and Create Machinery For Foreign Banking Business—National Bank Notes To Remain.

Washington.—The administration currency bill was made public by Representative Glass, chairman of the House Committee on Banking and Currency. It was introduced in the House and Senate after President Wilson delivered in person his address to Congress.

An outline of the measure prepared by Mr. Glass describes it as "a basis for legislative action," states that it will be gone over in detail for alterations, and sets out that its purpose is to accomplish three principal objects:

Provision of a means for rediscounting commercial papers of specified types.

A basis for elastic notes properly safeguarded.

Machinery for doing foreign banking business.

The measure's essentials remain as they have been outlined from time to time since the President began a study of the subject with House and Senate leaders, Secretary McAdoo and other advisers, providing 12 or more federal reserve banks, which will rediscount paper, deal in government securities, exchange and conduct government fiscal operations. National banks and such state banks and trust companies as conform to standards would be stockholders of the reserve banks. The government would hold no stock.

The government would control the federal reserve banks entirely through a federal reserve board of seven members, in which the banks would have no representation. The board would be composed of the Secretary of the Treasury, Secretary of Agriculture, the Comptroller of the Currency as members ex-officio; four other members would be chosen by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

National Bank Circulation.
The National Bank note circulation would remain undisturbed and no proposal is made in the bill for retiring approximately \$700,000,000 two per cent. bonds upon which that issue now rests. An amendment or separate bill to refund those bonds into three per cent. bonds may be introduced later.

In addition to the \$700,000,000 existing National Bank notes, not more than \$500,000,000 in what are to be known as federal reserve treasury notes might be issued at the discretion of the federal reserve board solely for the purpose of making advances to the federal reserve banks, which would do no business with the public, deal only with their members' banks and receive deposits only from the United States. While the notes would, on their faces, purport to be the obligations of the United States, they would be required to be secured by a gold reserve of 33-1/3 per cent. provided by the federal reserve bank and would be redeemable in gold on demand at the Treasury Department of the City of Washington or at any federal reserve bank.

Preventing Inflation.
Stringent provisions are made against counting any of these notes as part of bank reserves and the system is guarded against inflation by lodging power with the federal reserve board to exact an interest charge upon treasury notes in order to insure their promised redemption. The notes are not made legal tender, but would be receivable by the government and every bank of the system at par without exchange. No change would be made in the protection of other existing notes.

The federal reserve board would require one federal reserve bank to rediscount the paper of another and would establish a rate of discount not necessarily uniform for all reserve banks, but made with a view to accommodating the commerce of the country and promoting a stable price level.

For recasting the present bank reserve system the bill proposes to transfer the reserves from national banks in the present reserve and central reserve cities to federal reserve banks, carrying the process of transfer over 38 months to avoid shock to market conditions.

The Reserve System.

The bill proposes, according to Mr. Glass' statement, "ultimately the establishment of a reserve system in which country banks will have 15 per cent. of reserve (i. e., 15 per cent. of total demand liabilities), such 15 per cent. to be held 5 per cent. in the bank's vaults, 5 per cent. with the national bank reserve and 5 per cent. either at home or with the reserve bank, while reserve and central reserve city banks have reserves of 20 per cent. of demand liabilities, of which 10 per cent. will be at home, 5 per cent. with the reserve bank of the district and 5 per cent. either at home or with the reserve bank."

"The presumed effect of this plan will be to end the placing of reserves with central reserve city banks for use in stock market operations, to keep reserves in some measure at home and to require speculators to get the funds they need in their operations either by directly borrowing them from persons who hold them and want to lend the cash for that purpose or else by borrowing from the banks in the places where the operations are to be carried on."

"In the belief that the present reserve system is antiquated and unsatisfactory; that to the massing of funds in New York and other financial centers, of which so much has been said in recent years, is largely due to the present reserve requirements of national banks, and that in order to get the real benefit from the system of rediscount which has been proposed as a remedy for many existing evils it is necessary to base such system upon an actual control of reserves, provision has been made for recasting the present bank reserve system."

Members Of Board.

The terms of office of the four members of the federal reserve board appointed by the President are to be eight years, with the provision that those first appointed will serve two, four, six and eight years, respectively. Up to the last few days the federal reserve board was to have consisted of nine members instead of seven and the banks were to be permitted to select three of those.

"This it will be noted, says Mr. Glass' statement, 'the government will have absolute control of the system.'

"The salary of each member, excepting the cabinet members, will be \$10,000 a year and the comptroller of the currency would receive \$5,000 in addition to the \$5,000 salary he now receives."

"The chief points in the new federal reserve bank are described as follows:

"The number is to be 12, with possible increase later, as provided."

"The ownership is to be in the hands of the stockholding banks of the 12 districts in which the reserve banks are situated. The national banks are compelled to be members and state banks and trust companies are permitted to be members."

As To Capitalization.

"The capitalization is to be 20 per cent. of the capital of stockholding banks, one-half paid in and one-half subject to call."

"The business of these federal reserve banks is to be as follows:—Rediscounting of paper presented by stockholding banks under specified conditions, provided such paper grows out of actual agricultural, commercial or industrial transactions, and does not run more than a specified number of days."

"Buying and selling government securities, gold and silver bullion and foreign coin, foreign exchange and open-market bills of given maturity."

"Government fiscal operations."

"In order to meet the view so often expressed in commercial circles to the effect that the prosecution of American business in foreign countries would be greatly helped by improved banking facilities," Mr. Glass' statement continued, "the bill authorizes any national banking association with a minimum capital of \$1,000,000 to establish branches in foreign countries for the furtherance of foreign commerce of the United States, and to act as fiscal agents of the United States abroad."

Laws To Be Repealed.

The federal reserve board would be clothed with such administrative powers as examination, reclassification and designation of reserve banks, discipline of officials of federal reserve banks and receiverships. Certain portions of the existing banking laws would be repealed, the Aldrich-Vreeland emergency currency act would be completely superseded, and in a separate bill a general revision of the administrative provisions of the national bank act is to be provided. The bill would provide that within 90 days from the date of its passage the Secretary of the Treasury shall designate the federal reserve districts, the organization of the federal reserve banks shall begin and the "transition period" during which the reserves shall be adjusted to the new plan must be complete at the end of 38 months.

NAVY AVIATOR DROPS INTO BAY

Companion Clings to Hydroaeroplane and Drops Slowly.

ENSIGN BILLINGSLEY KILLED.

The Machine, While Flying From Annapolis to Claiborne, Was Caused To Lurch By a Sudden Puff Of Wind.

Annapolis, Md.—Ensign William D. Billingsley, of the Navy Aviation Corps, fell from a Wright hydro-aeroplane at a height of 1,200 feet near Kent Island and was killed. Lieut. J. H. Towers, the ranking officer of the aviation camp, who was also in the machine, managed to keep his hold when a puff of wind caught the rear at an altitude of 1,600 feet and had a miraculous escape. He held on until the water was struck, and then, when his grip was broken, managed to swim back and fasten himself to the framework until assistance came.

The accident is the first serious one which has taken place among navy aviators here, and that this did not result in the loss of two lives is due to the fortunate chance that the puff of wind did not come until after Kent Island had been passed. The machine had been down to St. Michaels and was on its way back. It had sailed over Kent Island just four minutes before, and if the drop had occurred then 'both would have been killed. Lieutenant Towers' first words when he was picked up were that he owed his life to this chance.

Desperate Effort In Air.

Towers grabbed at the steering wheel in order to make a desperate effort to come back to equilibrium, but this was impossible. Then he managed to get hold of the stanchion, and clung to this until the water was struck. Billingsley, apparently, was unable to hold on very long after the catapult to the perpendicular was made, and fell out 400 feet from the altitude at which the trouble occurred. Lieutenant Towers said later that he could see his partner falling below him, turning over and over, and then hit the water with a mighty splash some seconds before the machine reached the surface.

The fall probably broke every bone in Billingsley's body, and it is probable that he was dead before he hit the water. The machine, however, did not come straight down. Lieutenant Towers kept his hold on the stanchion, and when about 700 feet above the water his weight caused a return to nearly the normal position. The planes partially caught the air, and on the principle of the parachute the fall was checked and the framework hit the water with much less force.

This was responsible for Towers' escape.

1,600-MILE AERIAL TRIP.

Achievement Of The French Aviator Brindejonc.

St. Petersburg.—A 1,600-mile trip by aeroplane—from Paris to St. Petersburg—was completed by the French aviator, Marcel G. Brindejonc des Moulinais, who covered the last 200-mile lap of his journey in three and a half hours in the face of a strong head wind. The Russian Aero Club presented the aviator with a silver vase. Brindejonc des Moulinais will return to Paris by aeroplane via Helsinki, Stockholm and Copenhagen.

HITS TARGET IN THE DARK.

Astonishing Results In Target Practice On Pacific Coast.

San Francisco.—Fifteen of the 20 shots fired from one of San Francisco's mortar battery defenses struck a target five and a half miles out at sea. For night practice this is regarded as an unusual score. The target, which was picked up by five powerful searchlights from the shore, was not visible to the gunners, who fired from a pit behind a hill.

PAGE NOMINATION.

Virginia Author and Politician Chosen For Ambassador To Italy.

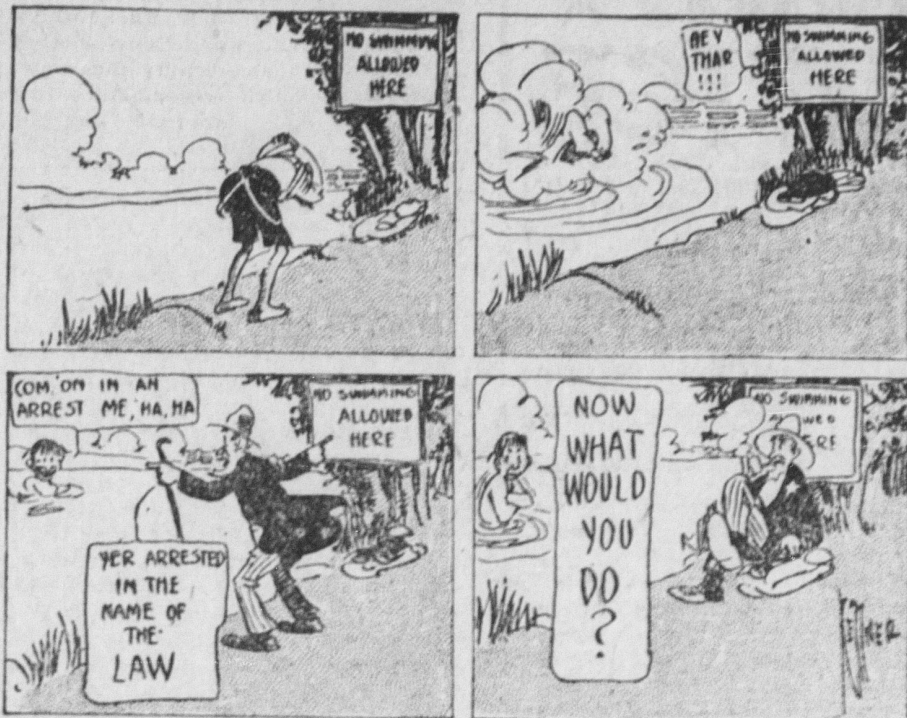
Washington.—President Wilson nominated: To be Ambassador to Italy—Thos. Nelson Page, of Virginia. To be Minister to Switzerland—Pleasant A. Stovall, of Georgia. To be Register of Land Office at Montgomery, Ala.—Cato B. Glover, of Alabama.

A TARIFF ON BANANAS.

Jamaican Growers Seriously Exercised Over It.

Kingston, Jamaica.—Consternation has been caused among banana planters here by the receipt from Washington of a cablegram announcing that America will impose a tax on Jamaica bananas. The government was appealed to for help and a cablegram asking for details was sent to the British Ambassador at Washington.

NOW, WHAT WOULD YOU DO?



MURDERS PHYSICIAN

Young Savannah Woman Then Ends Her Own Life.

Savannah, Ga.—That Mrs. Katie Whisnant, the young widow who killed herself after she had shot to death Dr. Guy O. Brinkley in his private office here, had determined before she left her home to kill the physician is indicated in a note Mrs. Whisnant addressed to her mother, which was found at her home.

In this note Mrs. Whisnant stated that "something dreadful" was about to happen and she besought her mother's forgiveness for her intended act.

The identity of the woman who accompanied Mrs. Whisnant to Dr. Brinkley's office has been discovered by the police, but it is said she convinced the authorities she had no idea of the intentions of Mrs. Whisnant when she went to the physician's office with her.

The woman companion who accompanied her to the physician's office, remained in the ante-room while the girl went into the consulting room, where the shooting began. This woman disappeared by the front entrance immediately after the first shot was fired.

Dr. Brinkley was shot four times; all four of the wounds were in the body, one penetrating the heart. The woman concealed the revolver in a small, white handbag, which she carried in the office with her. Dr. Brinkley had been attending the girl for several weeks. The coming of the two women excited no suspicion on the part of the colored maid, who admitted them as usual.

APPEALS TO BRYAN.

Father Of Porter Charlton Asks Intervention, But Is Gently Refused.

Washington.—Judge Paul Charlton, father of Porter Charlton, the wife-murderer whom the Supreme Court recently adjudged must be returned to Italy for trial, made a final plea to Secretary of State Bryan for aid. He knew the appeal was hopeless, and Secretary Bryan gently reminded him that the department had to follow the mandate of the Court. Judge Charlton was told that the most this Government could do was to instruct its representative in Italy to see that a fair and impartial trial was accorded the boy murderer, and that this had already been done.

7,076,517 IN STAMPS SOLD.

Parcel Post Handled 150,000,000 Packages First Three Months.

Washington.—Revenue received from the sale of parcel post stamps during the first three months of the operation of the system totaled \$7,076,517, according to figures compiled at the Postoffice Department. During that period approximately 150,000,000 parcel post packages were handled by the postal service. Chicago led all the cities both in the number of parcels handled and in the amount of stamps sold, the latter being \$1,254,469. New York city's sales for the same period aggregated \$818,139.

PUT POISON IN WELL, CHARGED.

Dog Catcher Had Been Criticized For Shooting Animals.

Somerville, N. J.—John Grose, official dog catcher of Raritan, was jailed on the charge of placing poison in a well used by persons who condemned his activity in shooting hundreds of unmuzzled dogs. The police say that Grose's wife warned intending users of water from the well just in time to prevent their poisoning.

POSTMASTER KINCAID HELD.

West Virginia Official Charged With Rifling Registered Letters.

Huntington, W. Va.—Walter M. Kincaid, postmaster at Hawk's Nest, W. Va., was arrested by Postoffice Inspector Allen on the charge of rifling registered mail. Kincaid, it is said, confessed before United States Commissioner Champe, at Montgomery, and was held under bond to await the action of the next Federal grand jury.

JUSTICE WHITE'S FORCIBLE APPEAL

Frown Down the Attacks on the Government.

NO COUNTRY LIKE THIS.

"Frown Down Attempt Which Is Growth In the Land," Says the Chief Justice, To Attack the Principles Of Government.

Providence, R. I.—A plea to the American people to "frown down this attempt which is growing in the land" to attack the principles of the government was made by Chief Justice Edward Douglas White, of the United States Supreme Court, in an address at Brown University, where he was awarded an honorary degree of doctor of laws at the annual commencement exercises.

The Chief Justice said in part: "The very foundation of our free institutions was the belief not in the march of a triumphant democracy, not in the march of popular feeling and popular conduct unrestrained, but that men could restrain themselves, that great principles could be written into our national life which could steer and guide us on, free from anarchy, full of liberty, with life and property and everything that blesses mankind saved and secured. Look around in this great land today."

"Where is there a country like this? The world has never seen the equal of it, and the world will never see its endurance if the American people forget the foundation principles of their free institutions because of 'what they imagine to be an evil here and an evil there and seek to pull down the pillars of the temple in order that they may destroy what they suppose to be a rat within the house.'

"Let us frown down this attempt which is growing in the land. Many thoughtless persons today suppose that everything that is wrong is wrong in the institutions, when, without the institutions, there would be no right and everything wrong."

MOB BURNS 80 WOMEN.

Angered Because They Are Put to Work, It Locks Them Up While Asleep And Fires Quarters.

St. Petersburg.—Eighty women were burned to death by villagers enraged at the importation of cheap girl labor to work on a sugar estate in the district of Pirlatin, in the province of Poltava, Southern Russia, according to the Kiev newspaper Liabin. The excited villagers first securely fastened all the means of exit from a wooden barn in which the girls were housed. They then set fire to the building while the inmates were still asleep and all were burned to death without a chance to escape.

TO SELL POTATOES CHEAP.

Kansas City Wives May Pay Only Six Cents a Bushel.

Kansas City.—To save scores of cars of last year's potatoes from rotting in the railroad yards here because of the glut in the market, the Housewives' League of Kansas City, through its president, Mrs. W. C. Church, opened negotiations with the railroads to obtain 29 cars of the product for sale to consumers at six cents a bushel.

CAN'T RESTRAIN MARRIAGE.

Would Be Against Public Policy Rules New Jersey Court.

Trenton, N. J.—Taking the stand that it is against public policy to restrain marriage, the Court of Errors and Appeals here has refused to affirm a decision of the lower court, setting aside a note for \$3,000,000 given by the late Henry Van Riper, of Paterson, to Mrs. May Lowe. A new trial of the action has been ordered by the court.

STATE RATES UPHELD

Supreme Court Decides Cases in Four Commonwealths.

Washington.—Without varying a dot from the principles laid down last week in the Minnesota rate cases, the Supreme Court of the United States Monday upheld state railroad rate legislation in Missouri, Arkansas, Oregon and West Virginia. This legislation included two-cent passenger laws in Missouri, Arkansas and West Virginia; maximum freight rate laws in Missouri and Arkansas, and freight rates out of Portland in the Oregon cases. The only exception to the sweeping approval of state statutes was in the case of several weaker roads in Missouri.

The Kentucky case was not decided. It involves an attack upon state rates, from river points to inland distillery cities, and involves, in addition, an attack on the constitutionality of the form of the McCord Act, enabling the State Railroad Commission to fix reasonable rates on intrastate business. A decision in this case may be forthcoming when the court meets again in October.

Justice Hughes announced the decision in the rate cases, as he did in the Minnesota cases a week ago. Wherever the point was raised that the state laws interfered with interstate commerce the justice referred to his Minnesota rate decision. He disappointed many who believed the court might, in some way, modify that decision.

HAPPIEST MAN IN WORLD.

What Carnegie Said To Morgan When He Unloaded On Him.

New York.—Former Judge James H. Reed, of Pittsburgh, a director of the United States Steel Corporation and former counsel of the Carnegie Steel Company, enlivened the hearing of the suit to dissolve the corporation by a description of the negotiations between Andrew Carnegie and J. Pierpont Morgan for the sale of the Carnegie company to the corporation. His evidence was introduced to show that Andrew Carnegie was anxious to sell to the corporation—in confutation of the government's charge that Mr. Morgan sought to obtain the company in order to suppress competition.

"Pierpont, I am the happiest man in the world, I have unloaded this burden off my back onto your shoulders. I am off for Europe."

That is what Carnegie told the late J. Pierpont Morgan when Mr. Carnegie agreed to sell him the Carnegie company, according to the witness.

ANOTHER NEW PRECEDENT.

Secretary Bryan's Appeal To The German Ambassador.

Washington.—Another precedent was set by the administration when Secretary Bryan personally appealed to the German ambassador, Count Bernstorff, to have the German government and people represented at the approaching Panama-Pacific Exposition. The Ambassador appeared at the State Department after a visit to the White House, and it was understood that President Wilson expressed a desire that he call upon Secretary Bryan. Count Bernstorff will acquaint his government with the request, adding to it such personal representations as he believes the situation warrants.

THE NEW HAVEN WRECK.

Witnesses Say Engineer Doherty Should Not Have Been Employed.

Bridgeport, Conn.—Railroad experts, testifying at the inquiry into the recent wreck on the New Haven road before the Interstate Commerce Commission, said that in their opinion Engineer Doherty should not have been entrusted with the handling of the great super-heater engine with his brief experience as an engineer. The wreck caused the loss of six lives. Other testimony showed that passenger cars built in Civil War days were still in use on the railroad.

A DISASTROUS SPANKING.

Mother Upsets Lamp and 15 Houses Burn Down.

Monticello, N. Y.—Mrs. B. Wolfe, of Ferrdale, Sullivan county, near here, tried to spank her young son and in so doing upset an oil stove. In the fire that followed 12 business houses and three dwellings, including the Wolfe house, were destroyed. The loss will reach \$100,000. The buildings were all wooden structures.

WATER IN GATUN DAM.

Testing Of Great Canal Locks Proves They Are Satisfactory.

Panama.—Water was admitted to the Gatun locks for the first time Sunday. The water was let into the locks to test the valves, and the test was considered entirely satisfactory by the engineers.

\$250,000 FIRE AT EMPORIA.

Lumber Plant and Seven Freight Cars Are Burned.

Norfolk, Va.—Fire practically destroyed the big box and lumber plant of the Emporia Manufacturing Company, entailing a loss of approximately \$250,000. Seven freight cars owned by the Southern Railway and loaded with box shooks were destroyed. Because of limited facilities for fighting the flames the fire gained rapidly and swept everything before it.

TELEGRAPH TICKS

Philadelphia.—Dr. Wingo Williams, of Fort Worth, Texas, died from scarlet fever contracted in the Municipal Hospital here while serving as an interne.

Flushing, N. Y.—Ministers here have arranged a vacation schedule, to prevent a repetition of last year's trouble, when there was none left to officiate at weddings and funerals.

Jamesburg, N. J.—Peter Schwellert, who had started to make a complaint because a pile of sand was left in the roadway, changed his mind when he was thrown from his motorcycle and saved from injury by falling on the sand.

Washington.—The Navy Department hopes for the development of a valuable adjunct to the naval defensive system of the country from the organization by the Boston Yacht Club of a "power squadron."

SECRET SERVICE

BEING THE HAPPENINGS OF A NIGHT IN RICHMOND IN THE SPRING OF 1865

THE PLAY BY

WILLIAM GILLETTE;
BY CYRUS TOWNSEND BRADY

ILLUSTRATIONS BY EDGAR BERT SMITH

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SYNOPSIS.

Mrs. Varney, wife of a Confederate general, has lost one son and another is dying from wounds. She reluctantly gives her consent for Wilfred, the youngest, to join the army if his father consents. The federals are making their last assault in an effort to capture Richmond.

CHAPTER II.

A Commission From the President.

The door giving entrance to the hall was opened unceremoniously by the round and privileged Martha. She came at an opportune time, relieving the tension between the mother and son. Wilfred was not insensible to his mother's feelings, but he was determined to go to the front. He was glad of the interruption and rather shamefacedly took advantage of it by leaving the room.

"Well, Martha, what is it?" asked Mrs. Varney, striving to regain her composure.

"Deys one ob de men fum de hospice heah, ma'am."

"Another one?"

"Ah 'clah to goodness, ma'am, dey jes' keeps a-comin' an' a-comin'. Peas like we can't keep no close fo' oursef; de sheets an' tablecloths an' napkins an' eben de young missess' petticoats, dey all hab to go."

"And we have just sent all the bandages we have," said Mrs. Varney, smiling.

"Den we got to git some mo'. Dey says dey's all used up, an' two mo' trains jes' come in crowded full o' wounded sojahn—an' mos' all ob 'em drefful bad!"

"Is Miss Kittredge here yet, Martha?"

"Yas'm, Ah jes' seed her goin' thu de hall into de libry."

"Ask her if they have anything to send. Even if it's only a little, let them have it. What they need most is bandages. There are some in Howard's room, too. Give them half of what you find there. I think what we have left will last long enough to—"

"Yas'm," said old Martha, sniffing. "Ah'm a-gwine. Does you want to see de man?"

"Yes, send him in," said Mrs. Varney.

"There was a light tap on the door after Martha went out."

"Come in," said the mistress of the house, and there entered to her a battered and dilapidated specimen of young humanity, his arm in a sling. "My poor man!" exclaimed Mrs. Varney. "Sit down."

"Thank you, ma'am."

"Martha," she called to the old woman, who paused at the door on her way to the stairs, "can't you get something to eat and drink for this gentleman?"

"Well, the pantry ain't obahowin', as you know, Mrs. Varney. But Ah reckon Ah might fin' a glass o' milk ef Ah jes' had to."

"All our wine has gone long ago," said Mrs. Varney to the soldier, "but if a glass of milk—"

"I haven't seen a glass of milk for three years, ma'am," answered the man, smiling; "it would taste like nectar."

"Martha will set it for you in the dining room while you are waiting. What hospital did you come from, by the way?"

"The Winder, ma'am."

"And is it full?"

"They are laying them on blankets on the floor. You can hardly step for wounded men."

"I suppose you need everything?"

"Everything, but especially bandages."

"Have you been over to St. Paul's church? The ladies are working there tonight."

"Yes, ma'am, I've been over there, but they're not working for the hospital; they're making sand-bags for fortifications."

"And where are you from?"

"I'm a Louisiana Tiger, ma'am," answered the man proudly.

"You don't look much like it now," said the woman, smiling.

"No, I guess the lamb is more like me now, but just wait until I get well enough to go to the front again," admitted the soldier cheerfully.

At this moment one of the ladies who had been working in the room came in carrying a small packet of bandages done up in a coarse brown paper.

"Oh, Miss Kittredge," said Mrs. Varney, "here is the gentleman who—"

Miss Kittredge was a very business-like person.

"This is every scrap we have," she said, handing the soldier the parcel with a little bow. "If you will come back in an hour or two, perhaps we shall have more for you."

"Thank you, ladies, and God bless you. I don't know what our poor fellows in the hospitals would do if it weren't for you."

"Don't forget your milk in the dining room," said Mrs. Varney.

"I'm not likely to, ma'am," returned the soldier, as, in spite of his wounded arm, he bowed gracefully to the women.

In the hall Martha's voice could be heard exclaiming:

"Come right dis way, you po' chile, an' see what Ah's got fo' you in de dinin' room."

"You must be tired to death," said Mrs. Varney to Miss Kittredge, looking at the white face of the other woman. Her brother had been killed a few days before, but the clods had scarcely rattled down upon his coffin before she was energetically at work again—for other women's brothers.

"No, no," she said bravely; "and our tiredness is nothing compared to the weariness of our men. We are going to stay late tonight, Mrs. Varney, if you will let us. There's so many more wounded come in it won't do to stop now. We have found some old linen that will make splendid bandages, and—"

"My dear girl," said the matron, "stay as long as you possibly can. I will see if Martha can't serve you something to eat after a while. I don't believe there is any tea left in the house."

"Bread and butter will be a feast," said Miss Kittredge.

"And I don't believe there is much butter either," smiled the older woman.

"Well, it doesn't matter," said the other. "Is—is your son—is there any change?"

"Not for the better," was the reply. "Ah'm afraid his fever is increasing."

"And has the surgeon seen him this evening?"

"Not tonight."

"Why not?" exclaimed Miss Kittredge in great surprise. "Surely his condition is sufficiently critical to demand more than one brief visit in the morning."

"I can't ask him to come twice with so many waiting for him," said Mrs. Varney.

"But they would not refuse you, Martha."

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her sex, and she had a right to be there in Richmond that spring, if ever.

"I understand," said Miss Kittredge at last. "I suppose you are right."

They stared at each other, white-faced, a moment, when there entered to them youth and beauty incarnate. There was enough resemblance between the pale, white-haired mother and the girlish figure in the doorway to proclaim their relationship. The girl's cheek had lost some of its bloom and some of its roundness. There was too much that was appalling and fearful in and about Richmond then not to leave its mark even upon the most youthful and the most buoyant, yet things did not come home to the young as they did to those older. She was still a lovely picture, especially in the soft radiance of the candles. She carried her hat in her hand. The flowers upon it were assuredly those of yesterday-year, it would not have passed muster as the mode anywhere except in besieged Richmond; and her dress, although it fitted her perfectly, was worn and faded and had been turned and patched and altered until it was quite beyond further change, yet she wore it as lightly as if it had been tissue of silver or cloth of gold.

The mother's face brightened. "Edith, dear," she exclaimed, "how late you are! It is after eight o'clock. You must be tired out."

"I am not tired at all," answered the girl cheerily. "I have not been at the hospital all afternoon; this is my day off. How is Howard?"

"I wish I could say just the same, but he seems a little worse."

The girl's face went suddenly grave. She stepped over to her mother, took her hand and patted it softly.

"Is there nothing you can do?"

"My dear," said her mother, "Howard—we are all in God's hands."

She drew a long breath and lifted her head bravely.

"Miss Kittredge," said the girl, "I have something very important to tell mother, and—"

Miss Kittredge smiled back at her. "I am going right away, honey. There is lots of work for us to do and—"

"You don't mind, I hope," said Edith Varney, calling after her as she went into the hall.

"No, indeed," was the reply. Mrs. Varney sat down wearily by the table, and Edith pulled up a low stool and sat at her feet.

"Well, my dear?"

"Mamma—what do you think? What do you think?"

"I think a great many things," said Mrs. Varney, "but—"

"Yes, but you wouldn't ever think of this."

"Certainly I shall not, unless you tell me."

"Well, I have been to see the president."

"The president—Mr. Davis?"

"Yes."

"And what did you go to see the president for?"

"I asked him for an appointment for Captain Thorne."

"For Captain Thorne? My dear—"

"Yes, mother, for the war department telegraph service. And he gave it to me, a special commission. He gave it to me for father's sake and for Captain Thorne's sake—he has met him and likes him—and for my own."

"What sort of an appointment?"

"Appointing him to duty here in Richmond, a very important position. He won't be sent to the front, and he will be doing his duty just the same."

"But, Edith, you don't—you can't—"

"Yes, it will, mother. The president—just love him—told me they needed a man who understood telegraphing and who was of high enough rank to take charge of the service. As you know, most of the telegraph operators are privates, and Captain Thorne is an expert. Since he's been here in Richmond he's helped them in the telegraph office often. Lieutenant Foray told me so."

Mrs. Varney rose and moved away. Edith followed her.

"Now, mamma!" she exclaimed; "I feel you are going to scold me, and you must not, because it's all fixed and the commission will be sent over here in a few minutes—just as soon as it can be made out—and when it comes I am going to give it to him myself."

Mrs. Varney moved over toward the table and laid a piece of paper, evidently a note.

"He is coming this evening," she said.

"How do you know?" asked her daughter.

"Well, for one thing," said her mother, "I can remember very few evenings when he hasn't been here since he was able to walk out of the hospital."

"Mamma!"

"And for another thing, this note came about half an hour ago."

"Is it for me?"

"For me, my dear, else I shouldn't have opened it. You can read it, if you like."

"Has it been here all this time?" exclaimed Edith jealously.

"All this time. You will see what he has his orders to leave."

"Why, it's too ridiculous!" said the girl; "just as if the commission from

the president wouldn't supersede everything else. It puts him at the head of the telegraph service. He will be in command of the department. He says it is a good-bye call, does he?"

She looked at the note again and laughed. "All the better, it will be that much more of a surprise. Now, mamma, don't you breathe a word about it, I want to tell him myself."

"But, Edith dear—I am sorry to criticize you—but I don't at all approve of your going to the president about this. It doesn't seem quite the proper thing for a young lady to interest herself so far—"

"But listen, mamma," and as she spoke the light went out of Miss Edith's face at her mother's grave and somewhat reproving aspect. "I couldn't go to the war department people, Mr. Arrellsford is there in one of the offices and ever since I—I refused him, you know how he has treated me! If I had applied for anything there, it would have been refused at once, and he would have got them to order Captain Thorne away right off. I know he would—why, that is where his orders came from!"

"But, my dear—"

"That is where they came from. Isn't it lucky I got that commission today. There's the bell; I wonder who

"The President Directed Me to Deliver This Into Your Hands."

It can be?" She stopped and listened while the door opened and Jonas, the butler, entered. "Is it Captain Thorne?" asked Edith eagerly.

"No, ma'am."

"Oh!"

"It's another offshoot, ma'am. He says he's the president an' he's got to see Miss Edith personally."

Jonas extended a card which, as he spoke, Edith took and glanced at indifferently.

"Lieutenant Maxwell," she read.

"Ask the gentleman in, Jonas," said Mrs. Varney.

"It's come," whispered Edith to her mother.

"Do you know who he is?"

"No—but he's from the president—it must be that commission."

At this moment old Jonas ushered into the drawing room a very dashing young officer, handsome in face, gallant in bearing, and dressed in a showy and perfectly fitting uniform, which was quite a contrast to the worn habiliments of the men at the front. Mrs. Varney stepped forward a little, and Lieutenant Maxwell bowed low before her.

"Good evening, ma'am. Have I the honor of addressing Miss Varney?"

"I am Mrs. Varney, sir."

"Madam," said the lieutenant, "I am very much afraid this looks like an intrusion on my part, but I come from the president, and he desires me to see Miss Varney personally."

"Anyone from the president could not be otherwise than welcome, sir. This is my daughter. Edith, let me present Lieutenant Maxwell."

The young lieutenant, greatly impressed, bowed profoundly before her, and taking a large brown envelope from his belt, handed it to her.

"Miss Varney," he said, "the president directed me to deliver this into your hands, with his compliments. He is glad to be able to do this, he says, not only at your request, but because of your father and for the merits of the gentleman in question."

"Oh, thank you," cried the girl, taking the envelope.

"Won't you be seated, Lieutenant Maxwell?" said Mrs. Varney.

"Yes, do," urged the girl, holding the envelope pressed very tightly to her side.

"Nothing would please me so much, ladies," answered the lieutenant, "but I must go back to the president's house right away. I'm on duty this evening. Would you mind writing me off a line or two, Miss Varney, just to say you have received the communication?"

"Why, certainly, you want a receipt? I'll go upstairs to my desk; it won't take a moment. And could I put in how much I thank him for his kindness?"

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

THIEVES HOLD UP TRAIN IN CITY

Freight Car Robbers Fight and Escape With Their Loot

SIGNALS SET FOR A STOP

Engineer Complied with Rules and Stopped—Men Approached from the Street, Twisted Off Seals, Robbed Cars and Defy the Crew.

Reading.—A daring hold-up of a fast train was perpetrated here on the Reading Railroad. When Engineer Mench, of Train No. 57, from Philadelphia, approached Bingham street he found the Hall signals against him and came to a stop. A number of men were noticed approaching the train, and a moment later the seal of a freight car was twisted off, and the car entered by the gang. The crew started back with a view of driving the men away, when they were fired upon by the thieves and a battle began and kept up for some time.

In the meantime word was sent to the chief dispatcher's office and officers hurried to the scene. The city authorities were telephoned, but before they reached there the thieves had made their escape. Strange to say, no one was injured by the flying missiles, and the extent of the theft will not be known for some time, as the contents of the car entered cannot be checked up until they reach their destination. The loss will probably reach \$700.

Tells of Pest and Flees.

Norristown.—A smallpox scare prevails here with not a case in town. There was one, but the patient died. George Transue came to the home of Edward Heft, at No. 824 George street, got employment on an ice wagon, and went to work. Samuel Heller and Lewis Heller, fellow-workmen, inquired why the rash on his face. He replied: "I've got smallpox!" They told him he had better consult a doctor, and he went to Dr. J. N. Hunsberger. The doctor informed him this ailment really was smallpox. Transue returned to his boarding house, informed them of his illness, told them he did not wish to cause further trouble, and rushed away.

Ball of Yarn as Bird's Nest.

Stroudsburg.—R. J. Bush, harness-maker, threw the end of an Irish was string, which was attached to a 500 yard ball of yarn out of the window, a robin picked it up, carried it to a nearby tree, gathered it in and started to build a nest. When Bush looked for the yarn, he saw that there were but a few yards left, and, looking into the tree, found the nest that had been made by the robin.

Dodge Brick, Pay for Glass.

Hazleton.—If a man throws a brick at you, don't dodge, but stand up and take it. If you duck and the brick hits a window, you must pay for it. This is in substance the decision of Alderman Joseph Moody, of this city, who fined Michael Pulaski \$7.50 and costs and made him pay for the window of Moses Epstein. Pulaski had met Joe Jupis, an old enemy, who threw the brick at him.

Frees Him From Abduction.

York.—After a night spent in the city prison Abraham Garman, the 65-year-old Dauphin county Mennonite, and his 16-year-old bride, Mabel Kelchner, were released. Ezra Fultz, the girl's guardian, for whom Garman had worked as a farm hand, withdrew the charge of abduction against the aged bridegroom.

Big Snake Makes Trouble.

Williamsport.—A team of horses taking freight near Ralston at a big rattlesnake in the middle of the road overturned the wagon and threw Jay Boise, the driver out, dragging him some distance, fracturing his ribs. The horses straddled a tree and one fell over an embankment, breaking its neck.

Grandson Dies Preparing Burial.

York.—George Brown 34 years old, Rochester, Pa., who came here a few years ago bringing the body of his grandmother, Mrs. Eleanor Brown, for burial, was stricken with acute indigestion as he started downtown to make arrangements for the funeral. He died a half-hour later.

Plea for Sinclair's Parole.

Allentown.—At the State Board of Pardons, at Harrisburg, the appeal of Samuel Sinclair, former State Highway inspector, for a parole was presented. Sinclair has served two months of a six months' sentence, imposed on him for kidnapping Miss Anna Steckel, heiress.

Dies Before Riches Come.

Allentown.—After lingering five days Adolph, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Gearhart C. Aschbach, thirty-two years old, died at the Allentown Hospital of injuries sustained in an automobile accident June 12. In company with Erwin Mickle, he was returning from the Lehigh Country Club when, at a sharp turn in the road, the automobile went through the fence and somersaulted. Mickle sustained a broken collar-bone and Aschbach developed serious internal injuries which ended in peritonitis.

ATTORNEYS.

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THE CENTRE REPORTER.

ISSUED WEEKLY.

S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

Entered at the Post Office in Centre Hall as Second Class mail matter.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, JUNE 28, 1913

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Display advertising of ten or more lines, for three or more insertions, ten cents per line for each insertion. Display advertising occupying less space than ten lines and for less than three insertions, from fifteen to twenty-five cents per line for each insertion, according to composition. Minimum charge, seventy-five cents.

Local notices accompanying display advertising five cents per line for each insertion; other notices, eight cents per line, minimum charge, twenty-five cents.

Legal notices, twenty cents per line for three insertions, and ten cents per line for each additional insertion.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—No service.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning, Children's Day service; Union, afternoon; Georges Valley, evening.

United Evangelical—Centre Hall, morning; Egg Hill, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening, Children's Day service.

Reformed—Tusseyville, morning. Miss Hendricks will speak in the interest of the Y. P. B. Centre Hall, evening, Children's Day service.

Market Reports.

Wheat, red . . . \$1.02

Corn, on cob, 70 lbs. 55

Corn, shelled, 55 lbs. 55

Rye 70

Oats 35

Barley 60

Hay, Timothy, first grade . . . \$11.00 to 12.00

Hay, mixed \$9.00 to 11.00

Butter 18

Eggs 18

Lard 10

LOCALS.

Plasterers will begin work on the new Bartholomew building in a few days.

For a good reliable cement try Alpha Portland.—R. D. Foreman, Centre Hall.

Misses Isabella Rowe and Cora Luse, students at the Central State Normal School at Lock Haven, are home for the summer vacation.

A little child of Mr. and Mrs. William Stoner, near Centre Hall, is afflicted with scarlatina or scarlet fever. The Stoner home is quarantined.

A baby boy was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Wilkins, at Old Fort, Tuesday morning. Mr. Wilkins assists George Earhart in conducting the Bradford farm.

Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas, of Potters Mills, and Miss Ruth Royer, of Altoona, were Reporter callers Tuesday.

Miss Royer is a niece of Mrs. Harry C. Shirk, of Centre Hall.

Papers for the merging of the Huntington & Clearfield, the Cambria and Indiana County Telephone companies, have been filed at Harrisburg. The three companies, it is understood, will be operated under a new system that will have its headquarters in Clearfield.

John C. Bailey, who for the past six months has been in the employ of J. H. Weber as bookkeeper and salesman, has accepted a position in Philadelphia as cashier and bookkeeper in a large restaurant, and on Tuesday morning left for the City of Brotherly Love.

A special dispensation permitted the Masonic lodge at Huntingdon to confer the three degrees the Blue Lodge is capable of giving, upon Philip Orady, in one evening. Following the ceremonies the young man's father, Superior Court Judge George B. Orady, gave a banquet at which one hundred and thirty-five covers were laid.

The new St. Luke's Reformed church of Pleasant Unity, Rev. S. H. Dietzel, Ph. D., pastor, will be dedicated next Sunday. The Rev. Lewis Robb, D. D., of Wilkesburg, will preach the sermon. The edifice is a brick structure, with all modern conveniences and appointments, and through good management the pastor will be able to dedicate free of debt.

Calvin Horner is in the Blair county jail serving a three months' sentence for shooting at a man named John McClain, who, Horner claims, was too intimate with his wife. Horner was arrested several weeks ago and held for felonious assault, and when court convened he pleaded guilty. He is a son of Mrs. Catharine Horner, west of Centre Hall, and was engaged in the restaurant business in Altoona for several years.

W. T. Royer, of Tyrone, was in Centre Hall Tuesday, the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Rebecca Scholl, and his cousin, Mrs. S. S. Kreamer, at the Kreamer home. Mr. Royer is employed in the repair shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Tyrone, and his work is to put into condition locomotives which on account of wrecks or other accidents, have been disabled. He is also a member of the P. E. R. band, and it was in the interest of this organization that he came to Centre Hall. He had an interview with Hon. L. Rhone relative to having this band appear at the Grange Encampment and Fair in September. It is composed of forty-five members and considered one of the finest in this part of the state. Mr. Royer also was a printer in his younger days, and he paid his respects to the Reporter, for which on several occasions he composed type, fifteen or more years ago.

Corner Stone Laying.

The corner stone of the new Lutheran church at Gatesburg was laid last Sunday, and was attended with very impressive ceremonies. The pastor, Rev. L. S. Spangler, was assisted by Dr. C. T. Aikens, of Selinsgrove. The contents of the stone consists of old coins, a testament, a list of the church officers, a list of the building committee, a county paper, and a copy of the Sunday-school lesson leaf.

The structure will be of brick and is designed on the plan of the new Lutheran church at Pine Hall. All the funds necessary for its erection are available and the work will be hastened to its completion.

The old church, which was built about forty-four years ago, was partly destroyed by fire several years ago, and instead of repairing the old structure, the building of a new temple of worship was decided upon.

Aaronsburg.

Sara Gulsewite is among her many friends in Bellefonte.

Belva Beaver, from State College, spent a week with her uncle, Abner Acker.

Mr. Moore, of Salona, spent a few days with his brother-in-law, George Stover.

Rev. G. A. Yearick, of Shenandoah, was entertained for a few days by his cousin W. H. Phillips.

Roll Kreamer, one of our carpenters, went to State College Monday, where he is employed for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Bright Bltner and daughter Catherine, of Spring Mills, attended the funeral of baby Orwig.

Mrs. Katie Keller and daughter Vernie, of Lock Haven, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Lambert for a few weeks.

The town band was on Rebersburg on Saturday but on account of the rain and storm did not get to Wolfe Store.

Mr. and Mrs. E. G. Mingle, Mr. and Mrs. O. P. Adams and son William, spent Sunday with the former's daughter, at Potters Mills.

Dr. Charles Tomlinson and wife, of Milton, returned to their home after spending some time with the former's grandmother, Mrs. Sara Letzel.

Mr. and Mrs. Warren Winklebleck, and three children, John, Ruth and baby, were visiting the former's sister, Mrs. Bowersox, at Wolfe Store.

Mr. and Mrs. Ervin Weaver, of Nittany, and Mr. and Mrs. Amos Kock, of Boalsburg, spent Sunday with their brother James Rouse.

Mr. and Mrs. Eben Bower, of Bellefonte, and Mr. and Mrs. E. Burd, of Coburn, spent Sunday with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bower.

Messrs. H. E. and Hal Crouse, and their mother, Mrs. Rebecca Crouse, and Mrs. E. G. Mingle, spent last Wednesday in Lock Haven, at the home of Albert Stambach.

Last Tuesday the Lutheran Missionary society and Mission band picnicked in the grove of Seymour Winklebleck, east of town. They all enjoyed themselves to the full extent.

Wilmer Stover, wife and son Eugene, attended the golden wedding of the lady's uncle, Henry Eisenhuth, at East High Valley. The couple were presented with \$75.00 in gold.

Melvin Eugene, the infant son of Walter and Buelah Orwig, died on the 19th of June, aged one month and twenty-four days. He was laid away in the Lutheran cemetery on Saturday, Rev. Geesey officiating.

Mr. and Mrs. Charley Wolfe, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Phillips and granddaughter Florence McKay, Carrie Yearick, Nellie Burd, Mary Burd and her son Frank, all attended the Yearick and Hoy reunion, at Heckla park.

Potters Mills.

C. R. Meek, of Coburn, spent Wednesday night in town.

The show last Wednesday evening drew quite a large crowd.

Miss Nellie Wilkinson is visiting her sister in Reedsville.

James Hanna, of Wells Tannery, spent several days with his children.

Misses Nellie Bible and Mary Harshbarger spent the past week in Altoona.

Robert Coldron and family returned to their home in Huntingdon on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Stewart Long, of Lewistown, spent Sunday at the home of M. M. Miller.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Schuyler are rejoicing over the birth of a little daughter.

Anna and Lenoa Faust, daughters of Henry Faust, are visiting their aunt, Mrs. George Boal.

Mr. and Mrs. Gooley, of Chicago, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Palmer for a few days last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Mingle and Mr. and Mrs. Adams and son, of Aaronsburg, spent Sunday at the home of W. W. McCormick.

Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Carson and daughter, Maude Meeker and Harry Harshbarger, made a trip to Lewistown on Sunday afternoon.

The Boalsburg Y. M. C. A. announces that it will hold an all day festival on July 4th. There will be base ball, races, plenty of good things to eat, and a lot of handsome ladies to help along the cause.

Harris Township.

Miss Verna Ishler visited at Centre Hall.

Mrs. Joseph Albright is visiting at Hunters Park.

Miss Katharine Dale visited at Madisonburg over Sunday.

Misses Esther and Hattie Kaup spent Saturday at Bellefonte.

Mrs. Jacob Meyer attended the funeral of Katharine Runkle on Saturday.

Charles Segner and Harold Coxe attended to business at Milton last week.

Miss Majorie Rothrock entered a business college at Williamsport last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Whisler, of Pittsburg, Kan., visited at the home of Charles Segner.

Misses Mary and Eleanor Mothersbaugh, of Williamsport, are visiting in Boalsburg and vicinity.

James Calderwood, of Tyrone, spent a few days at the home of his daughter, Mrs. John Allen.

Miss Elizabeth Close is spending some time with her aunt, Mrs. Anna Zeigler, at State College.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Goheen entertained a number of their associates Wednesday evening of last week.

Mrs. E. A. Fisher is spending some time in Altoona, at the home of her son Frank, who is on the sick list.

Arthur Jones and Miss Edith Sumney, of State College, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mothersbaugh on Saturday.

Mrs. John Musser and daughter Miss Katharine, of Bellefonte, were guests at the L. Mothersbaugh home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cunningham, of Bellefonte, and niece, were entertained at the home of Elmer Houtz over Sunday.

Mrs. Reuben Stuart, of Bellevue, is spending several weeks with her parents and other relatives and associates in this place.

Mrs. George Shugert attended the funeral of her uncle Samuel Pelly, at Altoona Monday afternoon, and spent a short time with relatives in that city.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hosterman visited at Milton and Potters Mills last week. Mrs. Hosterman attended the commencement exercises at Bucknell College.

The Houtz farm located north west of Linden Hall, was offered at public sale on Saturday but not sold. Mr. Edward Cunningham, one of the heirs, was the highest bidder, at \$3000.

Messrs. Charles and Cori, completed their work of sawing timber on the Bathgate farm last week, and moved their mill to the David Houser farm near Houserville where they are engaged at this time.

Mrs. Christ Meyer with her children, Helen and Stanley, from Niagara, are spending several weeks in Centre county. Mrs. Meyer was called here for the funeral of her great aunt, Mrs. Katharine Runkle.

Spring Mills.

The Decker Bros. were to Lock Haven on Monday on a business trip.

Bruce Morris, of Huntingdon, spent a few days with his sister, Mrs. John Myers.

Renna Wagner has gone to the Lambert home in Brush Valley, for a short visit.

Quite a number attended the Children's service at Salem on Sunday evening.

Ruth Smith, Mary Bartges and Sara Fisher, are home from West Chester for their summer vacation.

Mrs. (Dr.) H. S. Braucht returned from the hospital at Bellefonte, and is improving at present.

Hon. Wm. M. Allison, T. M. Gramley and Wm. Pealer, who have been seriously ill, are recovering.

Wm. Ripka, of Georges Valley, was stricken with a paralysis on Sunday and died on Monday.

W. O. Gramley, Wm. Haney, Chas. McCool and John Myers, attended the Woodman Memorial service at Millheim on Sunday.

Georges Valley.

Miss Annie Lingle left for Milroy on Saturday where she has employment.

Lloyd Ripka, of Boalsburg, spent Sunday at the home of his brother, C. A. Ripka.

Mrs. H. M. Lingle spent Sunday afternoon with her daughter, Mrs. Y. B. Ripka.

Milton Barger, of State College, spent Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Barger.

W. F. McClellan and two children, Frances and Warren, spent Sunday at the home of J. T. H. Faust.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stoner, of Millheim, visited the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Confer, on Sunday.

Mrs. Sara Reeder spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Conrad Immel.

Mr. and Mrs. Rufus Haugh, of Brush Valley, visited Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Haugh on Sunday.

Something to sell? Advertise it.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Changes tendency toward disease to tendency toward health. No alcohol. Sold for 60 years.

Ask Your Doctor.

WOODEN CANNON.

Crude but Effective Weapons Wound With Strips of Rawhide.

Any one familiar with the construction of modern weapons of warfare and the high explosives used in them would naturally suppose a cannon made of wood would be of little or no value as a weapon.

Wooden cannons have been used with considerable success nevertheless in recent revolutions in Cuba, in Haiti and in the Dominican Republic.

The wood used in the construction of these crude weapons is a very tough variety, having a twisted grain that curls about the log in such a way that to split the timber with the ordinary means is almost impossible.

The best trees are selected, and a piece of the log five or six feet in length and about one foot in diameter is cut. After the bark has been removed and the log made perfectly round it is swung up on a crude truck, and a hole is burned into it from one end. The log is wound with strips of rawhide cut from the skin of a steer.

When the cannon is covered with the strips of hide another layer is wound on, and this is continued until the weapon has increased several inches in diameter.

After the log is covered and the bore is finished the weapon is treated to a hot draft, which tends to contract the hide binding, which becomes almost as strong as wire.

These crude cannons have been used with success in a number of instances, and it is astonishing the number of times they may be fired before they burst or become otherwise disabled.—Harper's Weekly.

THE CURIOUS TURTLE.

Neither Fish, Flesh Nor Fowl, With Characteristics of All Three.

According to Macdonald, a Scotch naturalist of wide repute, the turtle is the strangest of all living things and the most unfathomable. It can live in the water as well as out of it and can seemingly go for indefinite lengths of time without air or food or light.

It is neither fish nor flesh nor fowl, and yet it has the characteristics of all three. As for its eating, it seems quite superfluous, for it can remain shut up in a barrel for a number of weeks and emerge at the end of the time apparently none the worse for the lack of food and light and air.

The baby turtle seems also just as indifferent to its surroundings as its parents are. As soon as it comes forth from its egg it scuttles off to the sea. It has no one to teach or guide it. In its brain seems implanted the idea that until its armor becomes hard it has no defense against hungry fish. And so it seeks shelter in gulf weed and feeds unmolested until its armor gets hard.

By the time that it weighs twenty-five pounds, which occurs the first year, it knows that it is far from all danger, for after that no fish, however hungry or well armed with teeth, can interfere. The turtle immediately withdraws its head into its neck between the two shells, and all intending devourers struggle in vain to impress it.—Exchange.

Chopped Meat.

"Once when you asked for chopped meat," said a housewife. "The butcher cut off a chunk, laid it on a block and chopped it on the spot, using one in each hand, a pair of cleavers. There were not a few butchers who could make ragtime music with the cleavers and even suggest the classical. But now?"

"When you want chopped meat you may find it ready chopped if you will take it so. But if you want some spe-

RAVENOUS ESKIMOS.

They Eat and Digest Food That Would Kill an Ordinary Man.

We hear much of American dyspepsia, but there is one native race of America that is certainly not troubled in this respect. The Eskimo defies all the laws of hygiene and thrives. He eats until he is satisfied, but is said never to be satisfied while a shred of his feast remains unconsumed. His capacity is limited by the supply and by that only.

The Eskimo cannot make any mistake about the manner of cooking his food, since, as a rule, he does not cook it. Nor, so far as the blubber or fat of the arctic animal is concerned, is the Eskimo concerned about his manner of eating it. Indeed, he may be said not to eat it at all. He cuts it into long strips an inch wide and an inch thick and then lowers the strip down his throat as one might lower a rope into a well.

Despite all this the Eskimo does not suffer from indigestion. He can make a good meal of the flesh and skin of the walrus, provision so hard and gritty that in cutting up the animal the knife must be continually sharpened.

The teeth of a little Eskimo child will, it is said by those in a position to know, meet in a bit of walrus skin as the teeth of an American child would meet in the flesh of an apple, although the hide of the walrus is from half an inch to an inch in thickness and bears considerable resemblance to the hide of an elephant. The Eskimo child will bite it and digest it and never know what dyspepsia means.—Harper's Weekly.

HIS FACIAL FOLIAGE.

Its Fate When Living Up to Its Dignity Was Suggested.

There is a comic artist on a New York paper who used to drink a little too much and a little too often. Also he wore a heavy brown beard of which he was very proud.

One morning he came to the office, showing signs of indiscretions the night before. His managing editor endeavored to appeal to his better judgment.

"Old man," he said seriously, "you're too old and too smart to be doing this sort of thing. It might be all right for a lot of smooth faced kids to spend the night over a bar, but you ought to remember that you're no longer a kid. You ought to try to live up to the dignity of that beard of yours."

This last suggestion seemed to throw the culprit into a brown study. He retired to his corner of the art room to think it over. In a few minutes he put on his hat and coat and slipped out, and he didn't come back for two weeks either. But within an hour after his departure the managing editor heard from him. A messenger boy brought in a postboard box such as florists use to pack flowers in. The managing editor cut the wrappings and opened the box.

There was nothing inside except a heavy brown beard, which had been newly shorn off the owner's face, with one lone rosebud reposing in the center of it.—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

American wire fencing, cement and building material—C. P. Long Company, Spring Mills.

(2)

LEGAL ADVERTISING

In Re - Petition of ROSE LEONARD PIERCE for satisfaction of a certain mortgage given to O. Perry Jones for \$400, dated October 20, 1912, and recorded in Centre County, Pa., in Mortgage Book "N," at page 672, etc.

In the Court of Common Pleas, Centre County, No. 202, Sept. Term, 1913.

TO Margaret E. Jones, only child and heir at law of O. Perry Jones, deceased, and to Robert L. Root, only surviving administrator of O. Perry Jones, deceased, and to any and all other holder or holders of the above described mortgage.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, under the Act of Assembly governing such cases, to show cause why the above stated mortgage should not be satisfied of record. Now therefore you are hereby notified to appear at the Court House in Bellefonte, Pa., on or before the fourth Monday of September, next, and answer the petition of the said Rose Leonard Pierce, and to show cause, if any you have, why said mortgage should not be satisfied.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. June 2nd, 1913. 41.0.26.

In Re - Petition of PRECILLA COOPER and J. A. COOPER, her husband, for the satisfaction of a certain mortgage given by petitioners to the Waterbury Marble Company, dated February 20, 1905, for \$600, and recorded in Centre County, in Mortgage Book No. 29, at page 115.

TO the Waterbury Marble Company, and to any and all other holder or holders of the above described mortgage, and also to their legal representatives or assigns.

NOTICE is hereby given that application has been made to the Court of Common Pleas of Centre County, under the Act of Assembly governing such cases, to show cause why the above stated mortgage should not be satisfied of record. Now therefore you are hereby notified to appear at the Court House in Bellefonte, Pa., on or before the fourth Monday of September, next, and answer the petition of the said Precilla Cooper and J. A. Cooper, and to show cause, if any you have, why said mortgage should not be satisfied.

ARTHUR B. LEE, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa. June 6, 1913. 41.0.26.

FIRE, LIFE and ACCIDENT INSURANCE

Consult us before placing your risks.

W. H. Bartholomew & Son

Centre Hall, Pa.

Niagara Falls

Personally-Conducted Excursions

June 27, July 11, 25, August 8, 22, September 5, 19, October 3, 1913

LIKE A TRIP ABROAD

Round \$7.50 Trip

from CENTRE HALL

SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars Dining Car, and Day Coaches, running via the

Pictureque Susquehanna Valley Route

Tickets good going on Special Train and connecting trains, and good returning on regular trains within FIFTY DAYS. Stop off at Buffalo within limit allowed returning.

Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agent or David Todd, Division Passenger Agent, Williamsport, Pa.

Pennsylvania R. R.

NIEMAN'S DEPARTMENT STORE

Hurrah for the "4th!"

It's Time To Buy That New Suit for the Fourth

Everybody will be well dressed on this occasion and you will want to make a pleasing appearance also.

This store has always catered to the fastidious man who demands absolute correctness in style, workmanship, and quality of material. Such clothes have always found their way to this store.

In a short terse way of putting it, we say:

Hoy-Beck.

A very pretty wedding took place at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Beck, at Nittany, on Wednesday at eleven o'clock a. m., when their younger daughter, Miss Ruth Beatrice, became the bride of J. Nevil Hoy, formerly of Hublersburg, and now an electrical engineer in the signal and switch department of the Pennsylvania Railroad in Philadelphia.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. W. Shultz, of St. Mark's Lutheran church, of Snydertown, the ring service being used. The bride was attired in white silk marquisette over white chambray and was attended by her cousin, Miss Alice Walker, of Williamsport, who wore a gown of white silk poplin. The groom's brother, Harold Hoy, acted as best man and Master Jack Brandt, of Pittsburg, a nephew of the bride, was ring bearer. About fifty guests were present, consisting of relatives and the members of a social club of which the bride and groom were both members.

The house was prettily decorated with rhododendrons and roses. A wedding breakfast was served immediately after the ceremony, after which the bride and groom left for a short tour to New York city and up the Hudson, after which they will reside in Philadelphia.

Marriage Licenses.

Thomas Fishburn, State College
Sarah Greeninger, State College
C. Asher Stahl, Altoona
Marie A. Leinhoff, Altoona
Austin Hockman, Zion
Amanda Dietrichs, Hublersburg
Borris Stine, Phillipsburg
Ida Walker, Morrisdale
Wilbur Shank, Pleasant Gap
Mary E. Jones, Uniondale
Edward Houser, Bellefonte
Zella Clements, Zion
Herman Rachau, Madisonburg
Ella Slagel, Madisonburg
Charles Allen, Pleasant Gap
Agnes Shawley, Axemann
Earl Wilson, Woodland
Rebecca Frazer, Phillipsburg
Joseph Moore, Phillipsburg
Margaret Albert, Phillipsburg

Rishel Farm Sold.

The Rishel farm at Farmers Mills, the property of the late M. L. Rishel, was sold by the administrators, Messrs. John E. and Wm. F. Rishel, on Tuesday, for \$7091.72. The farm contained almost 112 acres, and is considered a very good and productive one. The purchaser was William Stover, of Gregg township.

There were a number of parties who bid while the figures were under \$7000, and among these were W. F. Rishel, R. D. Foreman, and Mr. Breon, of the Branch, the latter being next to the last to nod to auctioneer Cyrus Brungart.

Miss Hendrick's Will Spoken.

Miss Grace Hendricks, of Goulds, N. Y., a state organizer for young people's work, will speak at the following places:

Centre Hall, in the United Evangelical church, Saturday evening.
Tusseyville, Sunday morning, in the Union church.
Boalsburg, Sunday evening.
Millheim, Monday evening.

Frank Hannah Sentenced.

Frank Hannah, who last May appropriated two bicycles to his use, and was arrested a week ago at Howard, pled guilty to the charge of theft before the court on Tuesday, and was sentenced to the penitentiary for a term of from nine months to three years. He will go to Pittsburg.

Festival July 4th.

The Ladies Temple, K. G. E., on the evening of July 4th, will hold a festival on Grange Park. Ice cream, cakes, candies, fruit, etc., will be served. The ladies solicit the patronage of the public.

LOCALS.

Jonathan Schroyer, a prominent resident of Sugar Valley, died at Rosecrans, at the age of sixty years.

A bill passed the legislature giving the district supervisors under Bigelow supervision over the dirt roads in the townships throughout the state.

Lloyd Smith, at Centre Hill, the Reporter is informed, can think well of himself as a wheat farmer, for he is credited with having one of the best fields of wheat in his district.

Dr. J. V. Foster, accompanied by D. Ross Bushman, was to Lewisburg Sunday in his auto, and brought to the Foster home Miss Elizabeth Ebey, who is employed as a domestic.

By request the Reporter announces that there will be a speaker on the diamond, on Saturday evening, at eight o'clock, who will speak on "Why there are so many sinners."

One of the finest corn fields, in Potter township is said to be near Centre Hill, on the A. C. Ripka farm. Much of the corn beginning of this week was two feet high. Mr. Ripka, in the twenty years he conducted farming operations on that place, never used commercial fertilizer of any sort, nor lime was applied. His crops as a rule are first class.

DEATHS.

After being totally helpless for about a year and speechless for some months due to several strokes of paralysis, William Ripka passed away at his home in Georges Valley, on Monday forenoon. Interment was made on Wednesday morning, in the Georges Valley cemetery, Rev. F. W. Barry officiating. There survive these children: George A., at home; Franklin P., Spring Mills; John E., Zion; William O., Spring Mills; Mary C., wife of D. W. Sweetwood, Spring Mills. Two children—Anna and Maggie—are dead. Mrs. Ripka, whose maiden name was Miss Mary Rupp, also survives.

Mr. Ripka was one of a family of eleven children, and was the next to the last to survive, a brother George Ripka, of Lawiston, S. D., being the only survivor. He was born April 16, 1836, making his age over seventy-seven years. He, like nearly all his brothers, was a wood-worker, and did much work in finishing houses throughout the county. He was a man of quiet disposition, a good father and good citizen.

LOCALS.

Miss Florence Rhone is spending some time at the Marcellus A. Sankey home, in Coburn.

Miss Helen Shaeffer, of Bellefonte, was the guest of Miss Laura Runkle, at the Centre Hall hotel, over Sunday.

Miss Mable Crozier spent a week at the Jacob Sharer home, where her father is employed by Mr. Sharer in farming operations.

The pension bill is in the hands of the governor for his signature. The bill applies to Pennsylvanians who served in the civil war.

Sections to fit all machines in stock and can fit you up in a few minutes. Can furnish repairs of all kinds. Call or phone.—R. D. Foreman.

A nice rain came along on Thursday night of last week. The grass, corn, and vegetation of all kinds were greatly benefited. The fall was about one-half inch.

Lightning played a freakish caper in Snyder county near Kreamer, where a bolt struck a barn, killed two horses, a cow and a bull but did not set fire to the building.

Misses Nellie M. Bible and Mary E. Harshbarger, both of Pottery Mills, are spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Harry E. Bible, and other relatives in Altoona.

Mrs. John Mitchley, of Williamsport, perhaps better known to the reader as Mrs. Jerre Shreffler, is in very delicate health, with little or no chance of recovery. She is suffering from cancer.

T. F. Bell, of Philadelphia, is at the home of his sister, Mrs. W. A. Boal, in Centre Hall. Mr. Bell is a photographer, a native of Mifflin county, but has been in Philadelphia for twenty years. He sustained an injury to his foot, and is here for "repairs."

Dr. Weston, secretary of Bellefonte Y. M. C. A., and a corps of men will be at Centre Hall on Sunday evening to hold an open air service in the early evening, and they will hold a service in the Lutheran church at 7:30 o'clock, at which there will be special music.

The Y. P. B. convention, in session in the Free church, Millville, from Tuesday until today (Thursday). The Centre Hall society is represented by Wm. Kerlin and Misses Savilla Reasick and Freda Bailey. Tusseyville sent as their delegates William Swartz and Miss Mary Nell.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Whistler, of Pittsburg, Kansas, are among friends in the east, and visited Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Fink and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kerlin. They came east with the Geisels, mention of whose presence here is made elsewhere in this issue. Mr. Whistler is a native of Kansas, but Mrs. Whistler is a daughter of John Brislin, a native of Centre county now a resident of Girard, Kansas.

On Saturday evening the Reporter was favored with a call from Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Gooley, who visited the latter's grandfather, W. W. Spangler, in Centre Hall. The young couple were married about ten days ago at the bride's home in Terre Haute, Indiana. Mr. Gooley is a mechanical engineer, and holds a position with the Imperial Brass Manufacturing Company, in Chicago, Illinois. After a short stay here the couple went to Niagara Falls, and from there to Chicago, where they will live.

This item is reprinted from the Millheim Journal: Mr. and Mrs. Henry Eisenbuth, of High Valley, celebrated their golden wedding at their home. A large number of relatives and friends were invited and the day was spent in a very happy manner. The children, five in number, were present: Mrs. Edward Williams, of Seaton; William and James, of W. Va.; and Howard and Reuben, of Penn township. Mr. and Mrs. Eisenbuth are well and favorably known in the community in which they live and the best wishes of their many friends are extended to them.

It has been intimated to the writer that the Penn Central Electric Company would again make an effort to secure a franchise in Centre Hall borough. The Reporter at this time wishes to state that it will not oppose a franchise with reasonable conditions embodied in it. This paper, now, as in the past, will not stand in the way of progress, but it will oppose any measure that has the appearance of fastening unreasonable burdens upon the people of Centre Hall.

Hon. Charles E. Patton, representative in congress from this district, forwarded to this office a copy of the geological survey map of Gettysburg and vicinity, prepared especially in view of the great reunion on the battlefield of Gettysburg beginning the 29th inst. Anyone interested may examine the map by calling at this office.

The Philadelphia Record favors Hon. Robert E. Lee, of Schuylkill county, as the candidate for Governor on the Democratic ticket.

From the State College Times it is learned that Mr. and Mrs. H. D. Meek left for a three weeks' trip, which will embrace points in Michigan, Canada and New York. From here they will go direct to Lansing, Mich., where they will visit Mrs. Meek's sister, Mrs. Esther Campbell Devor.

Reporter Register.

J. W. Dabson, Spring Mills
Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Gooley, Chicago, Ill.
A. C. Ripka, Centre Hall
J. E. Boyer, Centre Hall
Mr. and Mrs. H. O. Eisenbuth, Lewisburg
Mr. and Mrs. Howard Leiser, Lewisburg
W. T. Boyer, Tyrone
Ruth C. Boyer, Altoona
Mr. and Mrs. Ashbridge Thomas, Colyer

The Neighborhood Traveler.

It is written, and the world believes it, that travel is the infallible, exclusive cure for provincialism. Perhaps! Ultimately that depends on what the man takes with him in his wanderings. Merely to go accomplishes naught. In fine, one need not travel at all. If the man with the common eye will but use his eyes he may bring all the world to him. The Alps and the Rockies are worth seeing, indeed, but the man who is capable of really seeing them, if among them, is capable also of beholding landscape and glory in his own neighborhood.—Booklovers' Magazine.

Slightly Inconsistent.

"A patriot should not be concerned with matters of mere pecuniary compensation."
"And yet," replied Senator Sorghum, "when a man is rich enough to be independent of such considerations, they won't let him run for office."—Washington Star.

Profane Golf.

"Do you think golf a suitable game for women?"
"I should say not. Why, I saw a man playing once, and all he did was to walk around a field with a club in his hand and stop every few minutes to swear."—Buffalo Express.

Adversity is sometimes hard upon a man, but for one man who can stand prosperity there are a hundred that will stand adversity.—Thomas Carlyle.

Potatoes wanted.—C. P. Long Company, Spring Mills. (2)

Alpha Portland Cement is one of the best cements in the world for side walks and general concrete work.—B. D. Foreman.

Constipation

Impossible to be well. The foe to good health. Correct at once. *Aper's Pills*. One at bedtime. Sold for 60 years. Ask Your Doctor. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

COON DOG TO TRADE. The undersigned desires to trade a first-class coon dog for a rabbit hound. *ELMER RUNKLE*, Centre Hall, Pa.

TO TRADE—A RIFLE FOR BICYCLE—A .22 calibre Marlin repeating rifle, purchased last fall, and in practically perfect condition, will be given in exchange for a bicycle of equal value. The gun has a full magazine, which holds 26 short shells. It is a beauty in every respect. Inquire at THIS OFFICE.

PROPERTY FOR SALE—The property of Mary E. Burkholder, deceased, located at Centre Hill, is offered at private sale by the undersigned administrator. For further particulars inquire of *W. E. BURKHOLDER*, Administrator, Bellefonte, Pa.

LOST—On the public road between Centre Hall and Old Fort, on Sunday evening, a lady's leather hand bag, containing about five dollars in money. Finder will please return to Mrs. *HARRY MCLENAHAN*, Centre Hall, Pa.

HENRY F. BITNER, A. M., Ph. D.
SCRIVENER AND CONVEYANCER

Deeds, Mortgages, Bonds, Wills, Leases, Contracts, and other legal papers carefully prepared at short notice. One year experience in law of fee. Terms reasonable. Bell phone 17-3.
MURRAY'S DRUG STORE, CENTRE HALL, PA.
2-15-13

The Right Light The Bright Light

No odor No soot
Triple refined Pennsylvania crude oil. The best lamp oil is

Family Favorite Oil

FREE—320 page book about oil
WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Gasolines Lubricants

Your farm work will be easier if you use good implements

Make your work on the farm easier by using machinery that works well under all conditions, thus eliminating all the worry which comes from using inferior implements.

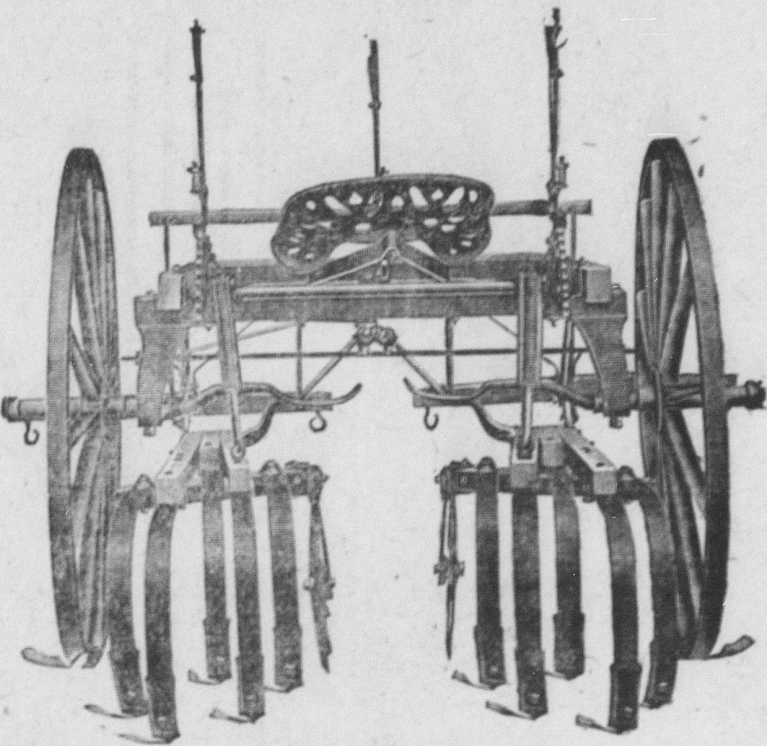
We handle only the best line of machinery it is possible to buy. Nothing is purchased by us until we are satisfied it will meet the exacting demands of the farmer, who is ever on the lookout for any implement which will save time and labor, better prepare the soil, and better harvest the crop.

The most needed farm implement right now--

Albright Riding Cultivator

This Spring Tooth Riding Cultivator is beyond a doubt the most durable, convenient and efficient Riding Cultivator made. The design of the machine employs all the latest improvements. It has improved pivoted extension spindles which give the easiest operation possible, open tongue, separate hoisting levers to raise and lower the gangs which can also be set to use but one lever, spring connection for applying pressure on the gangs, lever for adjusting the space between the gangs, lever to guide the machine while the operator walks, etc.

These Cultivators are well painted, striped and varnished and will please the most critical buyer.



IT'S NOT TOO EARLY TO PREPARE FOR THE HAYING SEASON

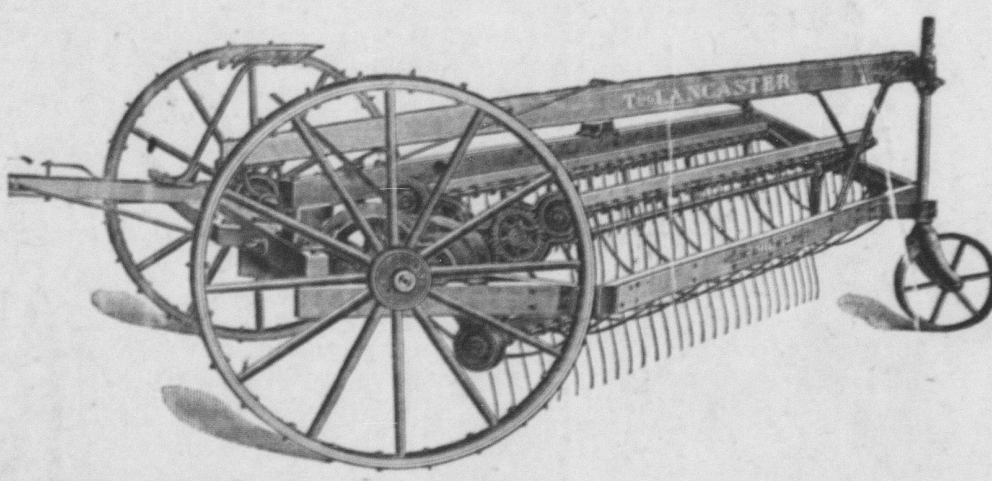
The "Lancaster" Side-Delivery Hay Rake

is a true friend of the farmer with the heavy hay crop.

The "Lancaster" gathers up the hay in a continuous, loose and fluffy windrow, which allows the wind to pass through freely.

Note its simple construction, strength is one of its chief qualities. All gears are protected and long timothy is delivered clean instead of becoming wrapped in the gearing as is the case with other machines. It rakes the shortest blue grass as well as the heaviest clover and timothy.

More farmers are purchasing the Lancaster every year, which means more satisfied farmers.



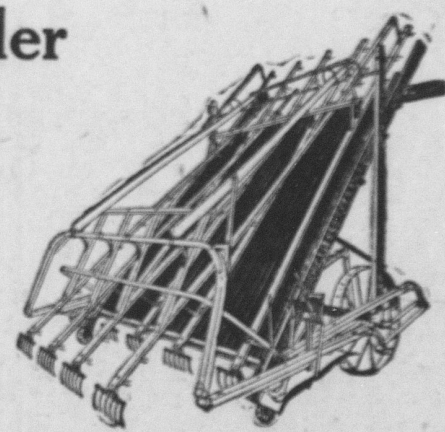
The "Gearless" Hay Loader

Cleans up the hay field in short order

Its name describes it—it is gearless, and has no gears to break, clog up, chains and sprockets to break, run off and cause no end of trouble. The long easy stroke delivers the hay whether heavy or light, on the wagon in better shape without chewing it up, without tearing off the lever or without threshing out the seed as other loaders do.

The GEARLESS Hay Loader is not the cheapest hay loader you can buy but it is the best one. They are worth more than is asked for them.

The GEARLESS does its own loading. It pushes the hay well up onto the wagon; it does not need a watchman to keep it from clogging. The Gearless is sold on its merits, because it never fails to perform the work it is sold to do. The Gearless will pick up and load windrows and haycock which other machines cannot handle.



JOHNSTON MOWER. Make sure of a perfect cutting of grass this summer by using a Johnston Mower on your hay crop. We are well acquainted with all makes of mowers and think the Johnston the best investment. Ask us more about it.

We have described only a few machines here, but we have on hand many more. Our business is to serve the farmer, and serve him well. If you are interested, see us.

J. H. WEBER, Centre Hall

Come to the NEW STORE

You will find us ready to do business in our new store in the "Reporter" building.

Besides the famous Red Cross Stoves and Ranges which we advertised for some weeks, we also have a good line of HARDWARE, and especially a full line of

Garden Tools and Nails

We have nails in every size and you will find our prices right.

Roofing and Spouting

and all kinds of Repair Work.

If you cannot come, call us on either phone: Bell or Commercial

T. L. SMITH
CENTRE HALL

SPRING SHOES

in the latest style—gun metal and russet -- are here

DON'T go out of town to purchase your Shoes for Spring wear when so complete a line of the very latest styles, coming from the best manufacturers, are to be found at our store. We can satisfy all tastes to a nicety. Gun Metal and Russet will be worn by all good dressers this Spring, and the best in these leathers will be found here. Moderately priced. See ours first.

KREAMER & SON
CENTRE HALL

WHY BODIE WAS BROUGHT IN

Manager Callahan Wanted to Impress on Mattick That He Had Committed Grievous Error.

One White Sox outfielder lost his berth as a regular because of a mistake of omission that sheds an interesting sidelight on Jimmy Callahan as a manager. It also furnishes a moral for players aspiring to retain their posts as regulars in major league company.

The player in question was Chink Mattick, sometimes called Walter by the ball players. The game in question caused many brain storms and heartburns, for it was lost by the White Sox to the world's champions recently at Comiskey park, before a crowd of fans that had their minds set on victory. The final score was 10 to 3, with the home team just failing to furnish one of the most brilliant and successful ninth inning rallies ever seen on a ball field.

The error of omission of Mattick came in the sixth inning, with two out, two runs in and runners on first and third bases. Mattick's play was to get on by all manner of means, fill the sacks and give a chance for a pinch hitter to clean the bases. With a count of two balls and two strikes on the batter, Pitcher Ray Collins, the southpaw of the Boston club, sent over a slow wide curve. Instead of letting the ball hit him, Mattick fell back, nearly going down in his eagerness to avoid being hit. That pitched ball would have done Mattick no harm. It was too slow to do damage that would even ruffle the feelings of a ball player of his type. The next ball pitched was over the heart of the plate. Mattick was compelled to offer at the sphere and he hit the oval for a high fly to Harry Hooper, retiring the side and checking the first White Sox rally of the day.

As events afterward proved, one run would have tied the score, and two

ONE OF BEST GUARDIANS OF SECOND BAG



Bill Sweeney of Boston Braves.

William J. Sweeney, the star second baseman of the Boston Nationals, was born in Covington, Ky., March 6, 1886. He was a student at the St. Francis Xavier college, Cincinnati, Ohio, from 1902 to 1904, and a member of the college baseball nine. "Bill" was slated for the priesthood, but stuck to baseball instead, and in the fall of 1904 joined the Toledo club. The following season found him with the Rock Island, Ill., team, the Islanders selling him to the Portland club of the Pacific coast league, where he played in 1906. He was drafted by the Chicago Cubs for the season of 1907, and after taking part in fifty-seven games was traded by the Cubs to Boston for Del Howard. Since joining the Braves Sweeney has become one of the greatest ball players in the game. He is not only one of the best guardians of the second station, but is a corking good hitter as well. In 1911 he had a batting average of .314, and in 1912 he stood third in the National league list with a batting average of .344.

BESCHER STAR BASE RUNNER

Cincinnati Reds' Outfielder Not Only Possesses Speed, but Knows How to Use It.

Even though they have not won any pennants, the Reds have laid claim for several years to possessing one National league champion, and no fan around the circuit has disagreed with them in the contention that Bob Besch is the best base runner in the old organization.

Bescher and speed are synonymous, but mere ability to get over the ground is not the only quality of which Besch can boast. It isn't always the fastest man that steals the most bases. Some players who can fairly fly fail to purloin as many cushions in a season as others whom they could easily distance in a sporting contest.

Other things besides speed are needed, and Besch combines them all, because he is not only fast, but has



Bob Besch.

splendid judgment, is able to get the all-important lead off a base, and is such a clever slider that he reaches the goal many times through evading the touch of the man with the ball.

Bescher did not get a chance to steal many bases when he first joined the Reds in 1908, but the following season he got busy and he has been at it ever since, committing larceny 54 times in 1909, 70 times in 1910; 80 times (his highest mark) 1911, and 67 times last year.

Cincinnati fans believe he will do better than ever this year, and his efforts to surpass his previous achievements will be watched with much interest.

Bescher was born in London, Ohio, July 25, 1885. His height is 6 feet 1 inch and he weighs 205 pounds. He began his professional career with Lima, Ohio, in 1906. His batting and base running record since he broke into fast company is appended:

Club	Year	B.	R.	St.	Ave.
Cincinnati	1908	14	31	16	.272
Cincinnati	1909	72	167	84	.246
Cincinnati	1910	95	147	70	.259
Cincinnati	1911	106	165	80	.274
Cincinnati	1912	120	154	87	.281
Totals		5	410	604	.281

Alexander in Form.

Grover Cleveland Alexander is displaying the form of two years ago for the Phillies.

Among the Baseball Players

Suspend judgment on the Tinker, Evers to Chance controversy until the middle of October.

Frank Baker, who should know, says Falkenberg has a better fadeaway than Christy Mathewson.

Recent statistics would indicate that the strength of the Mobile team is largely in the hitting of its pitchers.

Monsieur Dubuc of the Detroit Tigers is not only a clever pitcher, but a formidable man with the stick as well.

According to rumors, the names of the competing batteries in games in Milwaukee are now announced in English.

Roger Bresnahan is fat enough this year to impersonate some of the defendants in the police lieutenant cases in New York.

Robinson, the Indian outfielder with Austin in the Texas league last season, is playing and hitting in great form for Durant.

Catcher Schaak of the White Sox is becoming so prominent that the fans will soon want to know what kind of a safety razor he uses.

Buck Becker, formerly with Washington, and then sent to Atlanta, where he failed to stick, is playing semi-pro ball in Washington.

President McAleer's scouts are sizing up the baseball talent around the country for a few good pitchers and a rangy, hard-hitting first baseman.

There is a feeling that, now that Fred Clarke has broken the ice, he will be seen in a number of games this season in the role of pinch hitter, says a Pittsburgh exchange.

Miller, a pitcher for Fresno in the Central California league, held Vallejo to four hits and did not give a base on balls. Then his manager released him because he could not hit.

Manager Evers declares that Tommy Leach is his pick now for the regular center field job with the Cubs. The only thing that may spoil the arrangement is Tommy's underpinning, which is notoriously bad.

George McQuillan, who formerly pitched for Philadelphia and Cincinnati in the National League, and who has been hurling sensational ball for the Columbus American Association club for the past two years, is in demand again by big league clubs.

SNAPSHOTS AT STATE NEWS

All Pennsylvania Gleaned for Items of Interest.

REPORTS ABOUT CROPS GOOD

Farmers Busy in Every Locality—Churches Raising Funds for Many Worthy Objects—Items of Business and Pleasure that Interest.

At interesting services in Salem Lutheran Church, Bethlehem, \$5,500 worth of redeemed bonds were burned.

On account of the splendid highways leading into Mauch Chunk from all directions it has become a resort for automobiles.

Marguerite Dietrick, of Eldersridge Academy, has been elected assistant teacher of the Mauch Chunk High School at \$70 a month.

There is trouble at the Harwood and Cranberry mines, near Hazleton, because there are miners who won't take out union buttons.

Philip, the seven-year-old son of Andrew Pierro, of Hazleton, was badly burned on the chest and sides when a lad set fire to his clothes.

Murder is suspected in the death of Sylvester Blackburn, a sawmill worker of Delta, found with a gash upon his head and a hole in his hip.

By the blowing out of the cylinder head of the ice-making machine of the Columbia Brewery, Shenandoah, John Schreppe was badly burned.

Hundreds of Moravian clergymen and laymen gathered at Nazareth for the quinquennial sessions of the Moravian Church in America.

Dr. J. Fred Wolfe, of Bethlehem, conductor of the famous Bach Choir, officiated at the dedication of the new pipe organ in the Presbyterian Church, at Bath.

Frank Hoviangozo, a young married man, fearing arrest for a threat to kill his wife, jumped from a second story window at South Bethlehem and broke an ankle.

There are nearly 100 applications for naturalization in the office of Fred J. Byrod, clerk of the Courts of Northumberland county, and Clerks O'Connor, Lawler and Bowen have their hands full.

When a trolley car was wrecked in front of the home of John Strubeck, at Hughestown, the shock and excitement were too much for Strubeck, and he died in a few minutes.

Howard Palmer and William Strimatter, of Wilkes-Barre, have started on a walk to Philadelphia. They are not attempting to make any record time.

Frank Borkey, of Beaver Run, near Packerton, is Carbon county's leading pea grower, and was the first one to take his own products to market this season.

Clarence Schweblitz, Edgar Wolfe, John Ziegenfuss, Richard Miller and Elmer Whitman, Packerton shop strikers, were committed to Mauch Chunk Jail for 20 days for failure to pay fines of \$10 each for disorderly conduct.

For a razor fight that followed a discussion over the merits of gravity, Earl Mason was arrested, accused of trying to carve George Morris, at Bethlehem, and has been held for a court trial.

The Rev. P. J. Colligan, pastor of St. Vincent's Church, of Plymouth, accompanied by his nephew, the Rev. John B. Colligan, pastor of the Italian Church, Pittston, also his brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. Michael Colligan, of Scranton, will sail for Naples from where they will go to Rome, remaining in the Eternal City two weeks, at the close of which they will tour Europe. The expect to return home in August.

William H. Brown, one of the oldest residents of Waynesboro, has celebrated the fifty-seventh anniversary of his initiation into Odd Fellowship. Mr. Brown became a member of Thurmont (Md.) Lodge in 1856 and is the oldest member of that lodge. Mr. Brown was 80 years old on November 8 of last year, and enjoyed excellent health during the past winter. He is also one of the pioneer summer residents of Pen-Mar Park. Twelve years ago he erected the first cottage there.

The turkey trot, bunny hug, Argentine tango, Texas Tommy and all the rest of the new dances are under the ban at the dancing pavilion in Hazleton, near Hazleton.

Russell Demaree, of Lewistown, landed a trout that measured 23 1/4 inches in length, and weighed five pounds. It took forty minutes to pay to land the big brown trout. John Reed landed one from the same stream that measured 17 inches, and Elmer Smith, of Red-ville, captured one 18 inches in length.

QUICKSILVER BAD ON TEETH

Fumes of Mercury Produce Salivation and Miners Seldom Live More Than Two Years.

Quicksilver miners follow the most unhealthy trade in the world. The fumes of the mercury produce constant salivation, and the system becomes permeated with the metal; the teeth of the unfortunate men drop out, they lose their appetite, become emaciated and, as a rule, seldom live longer than two years.

Chloride of lime, employed by bleachers, frequently destroys the enamel and dentine of the teeth. But phosphorus, used so largely in the manufacture of lucifer matches, affects a very large number of persons, women, girls and children greatly preponderating.

People who work in soda factories are affected by the teeth becoming soft and translucent; they break off close to the gums.

Dr. Hesse of Leipzig states that bakers are likely to suffer from decayed teeth on account of the flour entering the mouth during work collecting on and around the teeth, where it decomposes and generates an acid destructive to dentine.

SCALES ON SCALP ITCHED

Muskogee, Okla.—"For more than a year I was afflicted with scalp disease. There were large white flakes or scales which caused the painful itching and my scratching would bring blood and cause sores. My hair came out in large quantities and what remained was thin, dry and lifeless. My temples were completely bare. During this time I tried everything that I thought would help me but nothing seemed to do any good. A friend advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment.

"I bathed with Cuticura Soap and applied Cuticura Ointment. At the end of about four weeks my scalp was sound and well and my hair had thickened up and grown wonderfully in such a short time." (Signed) Mrs. D. W. McClellan, Dec. 16, 1911.

Cuticura Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Sample of each free, with 32 p. Skin Book. Address post-card "Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston." Adv.

Looked Dangerous.

"If you kiss me again," declared Miss Lovely firmly, "I shall tell father."

"That's an old tale," replied the bold, bad young man. "Anyway, it's worth it," and he kissed her.

Miss Lovely sprang to her feet. "I shall tell father," she said, and left the room.

"Father," she said softly to her parent when she got outside, "Mr. Bolder wants to see your new gun."

"All right, I'll take it in to him," said her father, and two minutes later he appeared in the doorway with his gun in his hand.

There was a crash of breaking glass as Mr. Bolder dived through the window and departed in all haste for the railway station.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Highest Tower in the World.

Should Buenos Ayres carry out a project now under contemplation the city will erect the highest tower in the world, overtopping that of Eiffel by 189 feet. It is planned to put the steel structure up a height of 1,173 feet, and a statue at the top will be surmounted with an electric light of 1,000,000 candlepower. The tower, as plans have been drawn, will have facilities for social gatherings, cafes, restaurants, library, billiard, rooms, gymnasium, as well as a wireless telegraphic station and a meteorological observatory.

Convict Made Pets of Mice. An interesting story of a convict and his two pet mice is told in the report of Captain Hanson, the prison commissioner of London.

Captain Hanson said the convict, who was imprisoned at Parkhurst, had two pet mice, but was ordered to another prison, where he was unable to take his pets. Captain Hanson promised to have them cared for and himself went to the cell for the mice.

"Never shall I forget the parting scene," continued the officer. "The man took each of the mice, calling them by name, kissed them, and then put them in a little box he had lined with flannel, and with them a piece of bread and a piece of cheese he had saved."

The Tortures of Prickly Heat and all skin affections are quickly alleviated and in a short time completely cured by using Tyree's Antipruritic Powder. 25c. at druggists. For free sample write J. S. Tyree, Chemist, Washington, D. C.—Adv.

Obvious Course.

"What do you do when you get in deep water for speeding?" "Send for the first friend I can think of to bail me out."

For SUMMER HEADACHES

Hicks' CAPSULES is the best remedy—no matter what causes them—whether from the heat, sitting in draughts, feverish condition, etc. 10c., 25c. and 50c. per bottle at medicine stores. Adv.

So Unusual.

"I met Growcher this morning completely disguised." "Disguised?" "He was smiling."

The fellow who can lie with a straight face is generally crooked.

AILING WOMEN OF MIDDLE AGE

Mrs. Hilbert Tells of Her Distressing Symptoms During Change of Life and How She Found Relief.

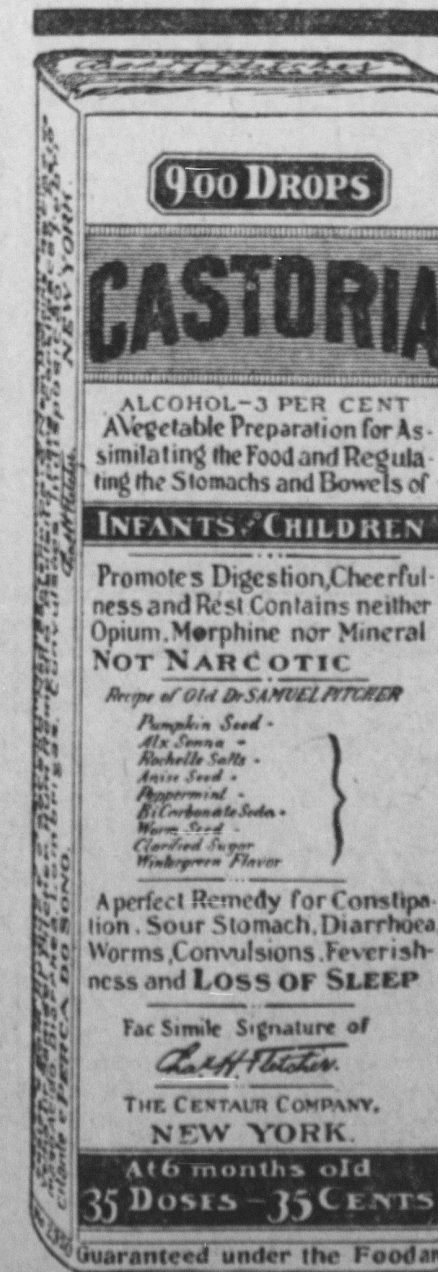


Fleetwood, Pa.—"During the Change of Life I was hardly able to be around at all. I always had a headache and I was so dizzy and nervous that I had no rest at night. The flashes of heat were so bad sometimes that I did not know what to do.

"One day a friend advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I am very thankful that I followed my friend's advice and I shall recommend it as long as I live. Before I took the Compound I was always sickly and now I have not had medicine from a doctor for years. You may publish my letter."—Mrs. EDWARD B. HILBERT, Fleetwood, Pa.

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backaches, dread of impending evil, timidity, sounds in the ears, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and inquietude, and dizziness, are promptly heeded by intelligent women who are approaching the period in life when woman's great change may be expected.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound invigorates and strengthens the female organism and builds up the weakened nervous system. It has carried many women safely through this crisis.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. J. C. Hilbert

In Use

For Over

Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

IS IT RIGHT TO ADVERTISE COCA COLA?

Men who play the wily game of politics have discovered that the best way to distract the attention of the public from their own shortcomings is to make a loud-mouthed sensational attack upon someone else. As the cut-throat eludes its pursuer by clouding the surrounding water with the contents of its ink sac, so the political adventurer takes advantage of the ignorance and prejudices of the people to escape from his indefensible position by muddying the waters of public opinion.

A case in point is the recent attack made upon the religious press for carrying Coca-Cola advertising. This attack was made by a politician who was supposed to be an expert in chemistry but who, having brought a suit against the Coca-Cola Company, was humiliated by having to acknowledge that he could not qualify as an expert. The court decided in favor of the Coca-Cola Company as it was clearly shown that the only essential difference between Coca-Cola and coffee or tea is that the former contains only about half as much caffeine as the latter and that the flavor is different.

The question as to whether it is right to advertise Coca-Cola seems to resolve itself therefore into the question as to whether it is right to advertise coffee, tea, chocolate, cocoa and other beverages of the caffeine group—Adv.

Wireless Lighthouse Stations.

We have the horseless carriage, wireless telegraph, smokeless powder, etc., and now we are having the lightless lighthouse. Should the wireless lighthouse stations installed at Brest, France, which automatically send out warning messages to ships every few seconds without the help of man, prove a success, as they are reported to be, it will mean that the old system of lights, bells, horns and other danger warnings at sea will be rendered unnecessary. The lighthouse in each case would act as an aerial mast. By a simple clockwork arrangement, which only needs attention once a week or so, distinctive messages are sent out by each station every few seconds. One set of signals are sent out by each station every few seconds. One set of signals are sent out by each station every few seconds. One set of signals are sent out by each station every few seconds.

FOR MALARIA, CHILLS, FEVER. Colds and Grippe take **Elitir Babek**, a preventative and remedy. "I have used **Elitir Babek** for four years for Malaria, and found it all that is claimed for it. Without it I would be obliged to change my residence, as I can not take quinine in any of its forms."—J. Middleton, Four-Mile Run, Va. **Elitir Babek** 50 cents, all druggists or by Parcel Post prepaid from Kloczewski & Co., Washington, D. C.

"Tango."

A student looked up the word "tango" in a Latin dictionary. This is what he found: "To take in hand, carry off, to be contiguous to, to strike, beat, smear."

DOES YOUR HEAD ACHES?

Try **Hicks' CAPSULES**. It's liquid—pleasant to take—effects immediate—good to prevent Sick Headaches and Nervous Headaches also. Your money back if not satisfied. 10c, 25c, and 50c, at medicine stores. Adv.

His Mental Status.

"That young reformer who is running for office promises some sweeping reforms." "With the vacuum system?"

Cure for High Cost of Living.

"What's a barometric feast, old chap?" "It's a meal where there is no water to be tipped."

Poor Man.

Church—"Doesn't her husband talk through his nose?" Gotham—"No; his wife doesn't give him a chance."

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, always cures whooping cough, croup, and all the ailments of infancy.

Why.

Gink 1—"Do you drink coffee?" Gink 2—"Now, I live at a boarding house."—Minnesota Minne-Ha-Ha.

Some men are living refutations of the existence of a fool killer.

A HIDDEN DANGER

It is a duty of the kidneys to rid the blood of uric acid, an irritating poison that is constantly forming inside. When the kidneys fail, uric acid causes rheumatic attacks, headaches, dizziness, gravel, urinary troubles, weak eyes, dropsy or heart disease. Doan's Kidney Pills help the kidneys fight off uric acid—bringing new strength to weak kidneys and relief from backache and urinary ills.

A Kentucky Case. Miss A. G. Puckham, nurse, Louisville, Ky., says: "I had such pain through my kidneys that when I stopped I seemed as if I had been kicked. My head ached, specks floated before my eyes and my limbs were swollen. The kidneys were badly diseased and I was in great distress. Doan's Kidney Pills helped me from the first and a short use entirely cured me."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. **DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS**. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

For Teething Troubles, Colic and Diarrhoea Give Baby KOPP'S BABY'S FRIEND

Recommended by physicians and druggists, Dr. D. S. Hatfield, Grand Rapids, Mich., writes: "I am well pleased with your **BABY'S FRIEND**. Have used several bottles, largest size, with unusually good and satisfactory results. Thanking you for the sample you sent me and wishing you success."

Write for our leaflet containing many useful hints about the care of baby.

AT DRUGGISTS, 10c, 25c and 50c PER BOX. Get a free sample from your druggist.

KOPP'S BABY'S FRIEND CO., YORK, PA.

GROWING SUGAR BEETS

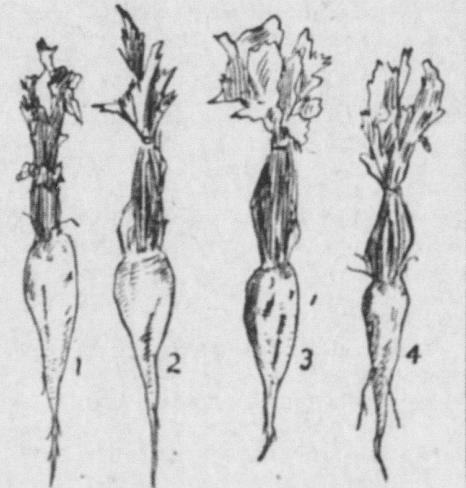
Practically All Kinds of Soil Are Adapted to Plant.

Clay and Clay-Loams Require Much More Work Than Lighter Soils and Are Much More Difficult to Keep in Tilt.

(By F. W. ROEDING.)

Soils suitable for the culture of the sugar beet under irrigation comprise practically all classes, from the heavy black soils of California and Montana to the sandy loams and silts of river bottoms and mesas. The clay and clay-loam soils require much more work than lighter soils, and are more difficult to put into proper tilt. The forming of a crust after rains or after being irrigated is also a disadvantage. These soils, however, contain a much larger percentage of available plant food than the lighter soils and under favorable conditions will produce heavier yields and are not so easily exhausted by continuous cropping.

Intensive tillage, which is so important in the cultivation of this crop, has a marked tendency to render these heavy soils more friable, and it has been found that the yields in-



Beets Showing Effects of Early and Late Irrigation—No. 1, Irrigated August 9; No. 2, Irrigated July 26; Nos. 3 and 4, Irrigated July 17.

crease from year to year up to a certain point. In one valley in California, where beets have been grown since 1888, some of the black adobe soils gave the largest returns after ten years of continuous cropping without fertilization.

The depth of the soil is one of the prime considerations in the growing of sugar beets, as the roots are deep rooted. Therefore, lands with a hardpan formation within 18 inches of the surface should be avoided, not only on account of their interference with root growth, but because of their tendency to lose moisture. Low, wet lands should be avoided also, no matter of what character, as they are usually "cold" and prevent rapid development of the chop in the early stages of plant life, while the later growth is kept beyond the time when the beets should mature, thus causing low sugar percentages.

Alkali is to be considered also, especially as most soils throughout the west contain alkali in greater or smaller quantities. Beets will withstand the effects of alkali to a greater degree than any other summer crop, but strongly impregnated soils retard the proper development of the plant as well as lower the purity of the juice, rendering it unfit for manufacture.

Taken altogether, the best soil for this crop is a clayey loam of good depth, which contains sufficient sand or silt to allow its being worked into a finely divided condition. The underlying soil stratum should be pervious to water but not so coarse as to allow of rapid percolation. Such soils are found in nearly all the present beet-growing districts and are usually the producers of large crops of beets of good sugar percentage and high purity. As provided for in the contract between the beet growers and the sugar manufacturers, the selection of land suitable for this crop is subject to the approval of the manufacturers' field men or superintendents. As these men are usually experienced, their judgment should be relied upon largely.

Climate naturally has an important bearing on the desirability of a district for beet culture, and in a general way it may be stated that at least four or five months of growing weather are necessary to the successful production of beets. The success which has attended this industry throughout the arid and semi-arid regions may be attributed largely to the distribution of the rainfall. The absence of rain at the time of harvest is an important feature. In the more humid sections of the east and middle west rain may cause a renewal of growth after maturity, which results in a great reduction in the sugar content of the beet. The locations, therefore, where moisture is applied artificially and can thus be regulated to cause maturity at a certain stage is without doubt an ideal field for the successful fostering of this industry.

To Destroy Lice.

If your hens have lice on them, dust with some good, reliable lice powder. Paint the roosts with lice paint. Sprinkle powder in the nesting boxes and keep your henhouse clean and well disinfected.

Butter Preservatives.

In some foreign experiments it was found that the best preservative was 3 per cent. of salt, which delayed decomposition somewhat.

LABOR INCOME ON THE FARM

Farmers Should Keep Sufficient Records of Their Business to Enable Them to Know Standing.

(By D. W. FREAR, Colorado Agricultural College.)

One measure of a farmer's success is the amount of money which he has left to pay him for his own labor after he has met all other expenses of running his farm, including interest on his investment. The legitimate running expenses of the farm do not include personal, living or household expenses. This sum received by the farmer for his own labor for the year is his labor income.

Some farmers are making labor incomes about as large as their hired men and some are making good yearly salaries. Others are receiving little or nothing for their labor. Their farm income is largely or entirely from the interest on their investment.

Farmers who are not making labor incomes equal to the wages of a good hired man would be better off financially if they would sell their farms, put their money out at interest and work for wages.

An example will make this plain. Assume that a farmer has a farm income of \$1,500, and that his farm investment is \$20,000. Interest on this at 6 per cent. is \$1,200. The difference between this amount and \$1,500, or \$300, represents his labor income. If his net income is only \$1,200, then he has no labor income and is working for nothing.

Farmers should keep sufficient records of their business to enable them to determine their labor income. This means taking an inventory at the opening and closing of the year and keeping a record of the expenses and receipts.

If a farmer isn't making ordinary wages, in addition to a fair rate of interest on his investment, he ought to know it and then take steps to learn why and to correct the trouble.

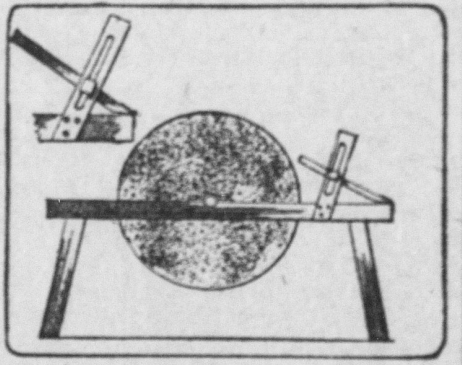
On the other hand some farmers are making more than good interest on their investment and wages for the time which they put in. If they are not making as much money as they would like to it may be because their investment is too small and the time they actually work too limited.

DEVICE FOR HOLDING TOOLS

Instruments Held at Constant Angle While Grinding and Is Not Difficult of Construction.

(By WILLIAM GROTZINGER, in the Scientific American.)

When grinding tools by simply holding them with the hands against the stone, frequent changes of angle will cause much extra labor and result in a poor job. A simple device to hold tools at a constant angle while grinding can easily be made and attached to the grinding stone as follows: Screw on each side of the base of the grinding stone, a wooden arm as pic-



Toolholder for Grindstones.

tured in the drawing. These arms should be slotted. A board a little larger than the ordinary plane iron is cut and bored with a one-quarter inch hole, running from edge to edge. The board is fastened to the grindstone with a hinge. A bolt is put through the slots in the arms and the hole in the board. The bolt may be tightened up to hold the board at any desired adjustment. The tool to be sharpened is placed on the board and held firmly. This arrangement will allow tools to be set at any cutting angle.

GENERAL FARM NOTES.

Alfalfa surpasses all our farm crops in feeding value.

The hen-pecked garden also is entitled to sympathy.

Dead trees need chopping and dead land less cropping.

Vitrified blocks make a very good silo when properly constructed.

Make your farm a good farm so that it will have a chance to make good.

Corn stalks are good fertilizer and should be left on the field after cutting.

Farm yard manure and lime do not furnish food in the best and most available form for potatoes.

The best time to mulch Irish potatoes is just at the time the sprouts are breaking through the surface.

In favorable years alfalfa may be seeded in the corn at the last cultivation or in July, and a reasonably good stand obtained.

Muriate of potash should never be used in a fertilizer for potatoes. The sulphate of potash is best because free from chlorides.

The amount of limestone to use per acre varies. When soil is acid it requires from one to three tons per acre to correct the acidity.

Green manures supplemented with high grade commercial fertilizers is the very best sort of manuring a plant food for potatoes.

COMMERCIAL

Weekly Review of Trade and Market Reports.

Bradstreets says:

"Despite unseasonably cool weather and stock market unsettlement early, there are many favorable features presenting themselves this week. Warmer weather has succeeded the chilling temperatures early experienced, western trade reports are of a rather more optimistic character, based mainly upon expectations of large though not record crops of cereals and the advance northward of the winter wheat harvest, clearance sales of summer goods by jobbers, especially at New York, have been liberally patronized, the sharp rally in stocks after reaching the lowest levels since 1908 shows that the market is no longer one-sided, and last, but not least, the banks, encouraged apparently by Treasury action, have displayed a willingness to loosen up to legitimate commercial borrowers."

"On the other hand, tariff uncertainties tend to cause trade for future account to operate under a pull, business in iron and steel in receding and shipments continue to make inroads on orders, while there is said to be some reduction in consumption of pig iron, prices for which are very low, and premiums on finished goods for early delivery tend to pass."

"Wheat, including flour, exports for the week aggregate 5,632,466 bushels, against 3,652,148 bushels last year."

Wholesale Markets

NEW YORK.—Wheat—Spot firm; No. 2 red nominal; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 102½¢ f o b afloat.

Corn—Spot firm; export, 67½¢ f o b afloat.

Oats—Spot firm; standard white, 46¢ 46½¢; No. 2 white, 46½¢ 47¢; No. 3, 45½¢ 46¢; No. 4, 44½¢ 45¢; ordinary clipped white, 45¢ 46¢; fancy clipped white, 46½¢ 47½¢.

Butter—Steady; receipts, 12,172 tubs. Creamery extras, 28½¢ 28½¢; firsts, 27½¢ 28¢; seconds, 26½¢ 27¢; thirds, 24¢ 25½¢; state dairy finest, 27½¢; good to prime, 26¢ 27¢; common to fair, 24¢ 25½¢; factory firsts, 23½¢ 24¢.

Live Poultry—Steady; chickens, broilers, Western and Southern, 27¢; fowls, 19½¢; turkeys, 13¢. Dressed steady; fresh killed Western chickens, 30¢; fowls, 16¢ 19¢; turkeys, 18¢ 19¢.

PHILADELPHIA.—Butter higher; Western creamery, extra, 29¢ 29½¢; nearby prints, fancy, 32¢.

Eggs—Lower; nearby firsts, f c, \$6.30 per case; do, current receipts, f c, \$5.85 per case; Western extra firsts, f c, \$6.30 per case; Western firsts, f c, \$5.85 per case.

Wheat—Winter wheat, in track, at \$1.02 1.04, as to quality and location, and No. 1 Northern Duluth, in export elevator, at \$1.02 1.03.

Corn—Can lots, for local trade, No. 2 yellow, natural, 67¢ 67½¢; steamer yellow, natural, 66½¢ 67¢; No. 3 yellow, natural, 65½¢ 66¢.

Oats—No. 2 white, 45½¢ 46¢; standard white, 45¢ 45½¢; No. 3 white, 44¢ 44½¢; No. 4, 41¢ 43¢; sample, 39¢ 40¢.

BALTIMORE.—Wheat—No. 2 red spot, 105¢ asked; July, 95½¢ bid; August, 93¢.

Corn—Contract, 62½¢; spot and June, 62½¢.

Oats—No. 2 white, 44½¢ 44½¢. Rye—No. 2 Western, 44¢; No. 3, export, 63½¢ 64¢; No. 3 do, 59¢ 60¢; bag lots nearby, as to quality, 60¢ 64¢.

Hay—Timothy—No. 1, \$17.50; standard, \$17; No. 2, \$15; No. 3, \$11 13. Clover Mixed—Light, \$15 15.50; No. 1, \$14 14.50; No. 2, \$11 12; heavy, \$11.50 12.50. Clover—No. 1, \$11; No. 2, \$8 9.

Straw—Straight Rye—No. 1, \$21.50 22¢; No. 2, \$20 21¢. Tangled Rye—No. 1, \$11 12; No. 2, \$10 11. Wheat—No. 1, \$8; No. 2, \$7.50 8¢. Oat—No. 1, \$9 10¢; No. 2, \$8 8.50.

Butter—Creamery, fancy, 30¢; creamery, choice, 28¢ 29¢; creamery, good, 26¢ 27¢; creamery, prints, 30¢ 31¢; creamery, blocks, 26¢ 30¢; ladies, 25¢ 27¢; Maryland and Pennsylvania, 25¢ 21¢ 22¢.

Cheese—Jobbing lots, per lb, 16¢.

Eggs—Maryland, Pennsylvania and nearby firsts, 19¢; Western firsts, 19¢; West Virginia firsts, 19¢; Southern firsts, 18¢.

Live Poultry—Chickens—Old hens, heavy, 19¢; do, small to medium, 19¢; old roosters and stags, 10¢ 11¢; spring, 1½ lbs and over, 26¢ 27¢; do, 1½ lbs and under, 24¢ 25¢. Ducks—White Pekins, 15¢; Muscovy, 13¢ 14¢; puddle, 13¢ 14¢; spring, 3 lbs and over, 18¢. Pigeons, per pair—Young, 25¢; old, 25¢.

Live Stock

CHICAGO.—Hogs—Bulk of sales, \$8.75 8.85; light, \$8.65 8.90; mixed, \$8.55 8.90; heavy, \$8.30 8.85; rough, \$8.30 8.45; pigs, \$6.75 8.45.

Cattle—Beef, \$7.25 9¢; Texas steers, \$7 8.10; stockers and feeders, \$6.35 8.25; cows and heifers, \$3.80 8.40; calves, \$7.75 10.75.

Sheep—Native sheep, \$5.10 6.25; yearlings, \$5.75 6.90; lambs, native, \$5.75 7.90; spring, \$6 8.75.

KANSAS CITY.—Hogs—Bulk, \$8.60 8.75; heavy, \$8.65 8.75; packers and butchers, \$8.70 8.75; light, \$8.70 8.80; pigs, \$7.50 8.10.

Sheep—Lambs, \$6.25 8.25; yearlings, \$5 6.50; wethers, \$4.50 6¢; ewes, \$4.25 5.35.

Libby's Luncheon Delicacies

Dried Beef, sliced wafer thin, Hickory Smoked and with a choice flavor that you will remember.

Vienna Sausage—just right for Red Hots, or to serve cold. We suggest you try them served like this: Cut rye bread in thin slices, spread with creamed butter and remove crusts. Cut a Libby's Vienna Sausage in half, lengthwise, and lay on the bread. Place on the top of the sausage a few thin slices of Libby's Midget Pickles. Cover with the other slice of bread and press lightly together. Arrange on plate and serve garnished with a few parsley sprays.

Libby, McNeill & Libby
Chicago

AGENTS WANTED

AGENTS—We pay well and give valuable premiums. Specialties of merit. Men and women wanted in every town. John A. Rose, 7119 Germantown Ave., Philadelphia, Pa.

AGENTS—Opportunity to sell latest specialty. Big profits, success assured. Write for details. Home. Write day. Star Supply Co., Creighton, Neb.

AGENTS—\$5 a day, all season demonstrating to housekeepers. Write for catalog. HAINBRIDGE CO., 614 Hainbridge, Brooklyn, N. Y.

LIVE AGENTS wanted to furnish us names and addresses in every locality. Big money. Henderson Co., 20 North St., Middletown, N. J.

AGENTS—For writing season is on; reap a harvest with our traps for few hours' work. Write for particulars. Edw. C. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS—We trust you with complete confidence. Write for Cleaning Compound. Fine premiums on every transaction. Order now. Chas. L. Ketchum Co., Desk C-20, N. Y. C.

BOY WANTS—Attention! Guaranteed Scout's Owns. Watch given boys for few hours' work. Write for particulars. Edw. C. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

4,000 ACRES Oils, gas, watered. Fine and oak wood while not B. K. close. Solid body. Government title. \$25 an acre. KELLY PAIN, Alaska, N. Y.

WATERPROOF damp basement brick and concrete walls with Colman's Waterproof Paper. It will resist proof masonry, tents and cloth without changing the color. Virginia Waterproof Corp., Annapolis, Md.

ENLIGHTENED—The Coming Religion—national, universal, humane. Free. Bangs brings copy. Ten Principles Society of Workers, 200 E. 1st St., Los Angeles, Cal.

WE TRAIN DITE TIVES. You can be one. Spend a day. Travel everywhere. Write for particulars. National Dietetic Agency, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED GOOD FARM—40 to 50 acres. Live price and payment when you write. Address 250 F. H. R. E. 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

MAGIC POWDER—Permanent relief from perspiration, heat and sunburn. Write for particulars. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

FARMS—Every description, all prices. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

ALABASTO CREAM—Wonderful skin beautifier. Resists Mrs. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

BE BEAUTIFUL—Our beauty course tells you. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

JEWELRY—Sent on approval. Send address. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

186 ACRES—Unimproved good home, plenty water. 3 miles of timber. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

MAGNOLIA CREAM—Saves a soft, white complexion. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

LADIES—Send for circular of Atropine-Synthetic. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

EXCHANGE—Real Estate, etc. for cash, etc. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

OLIVIAN—Cool, soothing, relieves tired, aching feet. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

RIVERVALE FARMS—Rich, level land. 10 acres. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

GOITRE—I have a liniment that removes any goiter without pain. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

LAUGH—Yes, the world will laugh with you when you use our Laughing Powder. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

SICK HOGS CURED—Hogs have worms. Our medicine cures them in four days. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

FOUND RING IN BIRD'S NEST—Joe Cannon, deputy auditor of Hardin county, O., has found his ring. Write for details. W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.

ESTIMATING IT—"I hope I haven't kept you waiting too long," gushed the girl. "Only about three dollars' worth," estimated the young man with the taxicab outside.

Love maketh a light heart; also a dark parlor.

USE For

Glenn's Sulphur Soap

Heat Rash
Pimples
Oily Skin
Itchy Skin
Eczema
Hives
Blackheads
Ivy Poisoning

Sold by druggists. **W. B. Kelly, 1111 N. 1st St., St. Louis, Mo.**

SAVE YOUR MONEY.

One box of **Tutt's Pills** save many dollars in doctor's bills. A remedy for diseases of the liver, sick headache, dyspepsia, constipation and biliousness, a million people endorse.

Tutt's Pills

"IS YOUR BABY RESTLESS?"

See the anxious mother bending over the sleepless babe! What tender solicitude! Her heart aches for him. Wise mothers use

Dr. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

Which babies like because it cures them. Prevents Cholera Infantum, cures Colic in ten minutes. Keep a bottle at hand. 25 cents at druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention the paper.

Made only by **DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, Hagerstown, Md.**

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS.

IF YOU SUFFER FROM ANY OF THE FOLLOWING AFFECTIONS, WRITE FOR OUR FREE BOOK, THE MOST COMPLETE MEDICAL BOOK EVER WRITTEN. IT TELLS ALL ABOUT THESE DISEASES AND THE REMEDIES FOR THEM. IT IS THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY, No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37,

THE CENTRE REPORTER

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1913

LOCALS

William A. Erdley, of Penn township, Snyder county, is a candidate for jury commissioner in that county. He is a Democrat.

Miss Hilda Wagner, of Howard, was entertained by the Misses Rowe for several days, returning to her home the beginning of this week.

Miss Christine Shumaker, of Lancaster, is a very welcome visitor at the Reformed parsonage in Centre Hall. She will remain for a week or more.

Mr. and Mrs. Wilbur Burkholder will go to California to spend the month of July with relatives of Mrs. Burkholder and with friends at Pasadena.

The Milroy baseball team defeated State College last Saturday on the latter's grounds. The score was 6 to 1. Calvin Smith did the twirling for State College.

Prof. D. P. Stapleton, of Millinburg, was elected principal of the Millheim High School. He taught a school of a similar grade in Rebersburg for one or more years.

A camping party of five from Sunbury have squatted along Sinking Creek, near Corman's, at Penn Hall. The gentlemen are Messrs. Snyder, Drumm, Knouse, Leaster and Fisher, all graduates of the Sunbury High School.

The next annual session of the Grand Castle of Pennsylvania will be held in the City of Lancaster, on the second Tuesday of May, 1914, and already the Lancaster County brethren are at work making preparations to entertain the visitors.

Saturday afternoon is the time for the Centre county association of Philadelphia to hold its annual picnic at Belmont Mansion, Fairmont Park. The writer regrets that he is not able to accept the invitation forwarded by the association officers.

Dr. W. H. Kohler, Mrs. B. F. Reish and daughter Vida, and Mrs. J. W. Brown and son Jefferson, of Milroy, came to Centre Hall to see Prof. W. A. Krise, the latter part of last week. Dr. Kohler was here on professional business, and the ladies are daughters of Mr. Krise.

The Reformed and Lutheran cemetery association met in the Reformed church on Monday evening in annual session. No business of importance was transacted. The reports of the secretary and treasurer were read, and a committee was appointed to secure additional land.

The Hartleton correspondent to the Lewisburg Journal made this reference to Penns Valley people: Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Catherman on Tuesday entertained Mr. and Mrs. Evans and children, and Mrs. Jacob Meyers, of Spring Mills. They made the trip to this place in their auto.

A bill has been passed permitting county commissioners to purchase voting machines. The types of machines must be approved by a state board of examiners composed of the governor, secretary of the commonwealth and attorney general. The adoption of voting machines is optional with the county commissioners.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Potter, last week, attended commencement exercises at Bucknell University, Lewisburg, where their only daughter, Miss Mary Delinda Potter, graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree. They were accompanied home by their daughter and a niece, Miss Anna Hays, a school teacher in Watsonstown, who on Monday entered Pennsylvania State College to take the six weeks teacher's course.

Mr. and Mrs. Ward Geiss and daughter Miss Hazel, and Mrs. Daniel K. Geiss, the latter the mother of the former, all of Girard, Kansas, are in the east, and while in Centre Hall are being entertained by their cousins, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Fink and Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kerlin. Mr. Geiss holds a position in the Girard State bank. Conditions generally are very good in Kansas, Mr. Geiss says, but growing crops were suffering for lack of rain when he left the state.

A week ago mention was made in these columns that Rev. J. Max Lantz had been selected pastor of the Methodist church at Curwensville, and that there only remained the sanctioning of the selection by the Bishop Cranston. The Reporter is now informed that official has granted the request of the Curwensville congregation, and that Rev. Lantz will assume active charge of his new field by the first of July. This means, of course, that the Penns Valley charge after that date will be vacant.

The Howard Hustler hears that it is rumored that a branch railroad was to be built from that place to Jacksonsville, and further says: Recent developments seem to indicate that the new road is about to be constructed. One of the steam shovels used on the B. E. V. improvements was retained here and on Tuesday Engineer F. A. Fields and his men began a survey of the route through the narrows. The road if built will be used to transport the products of the American Lumber and Stone Co. from their recently acquired quarry at Jacksonsville.

Irvin Schreckengost, of Tylersville, was a business caller in town last Friday.

Quite a number of our people attended the festival at Wolfe Store held on Saturday evening.

Mrs. Floyd Gramley, of Lewisburg, is spending this week at this place under the parental roof.

Mrs. George Wolfert has just returned from a week's visit with her two daughters at Lewisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. John M. Weaver, of Coburn, spent last Sunday at this place at the home of Scott Stover.

Mrs. R. B. Wolf, of Colorado Springs, Col., spent several days the past week in town visiting relatives.

During the past week the large barn on T. W. Walker's farm was reroofed. The Bierly carpenter crew did the work.

Quite recently the stork visited the home of Clayton Winters and left a little baby. This makes Clayton all smiles.

Our road supervisor is at present having a lot of stone crushed and placed on the public road where most needed.

Harry Musser, who was employed at Philadelphia the past eight months, has returned to this place and will spend the summer with his family.

Paul Limbert, who is a member of the St. Paul's Orphan Home, of Greenville, is at present visiting his grandmother Mrs. J. K. Meyer at this place.

Rev. and Mrs. Houtz, of Orangeville, are visiting in town. On Sunday morning Rev. Houtz preached a very interesting sermon in the Reformed church.

Mrs. Landis, widow of the late Rev. Landis, who was once pastor of the Reformed charge of this place, is at present visiting old acquaintances in this vicinity.

Miss Florence Hazel and Beatrice Krider, both students of the State Normal School at Lock Haven, have returned home and will spend their summer vacation under the parental roof.

John Stoner is just recovering from a severe burn on his face caused by an explosion of gun powder which he was using to make a preparation to put in the corn field to scare the crows away.

BUILT TO STAND.

The Supreme Confidence One Engineer Had in His Work.

There is something inspiring about the self confidence of the men who do big things. A number of years ago the country was horrified by the news that Galveston had been swept by a flood. But the mud was hardly dry in the city's streets before plans were made for building a great sea wall to keep out the waters. George W. Boschke was the engineer to whom this gigantic undertaking was intrusted.

He finished his work while the world looked on with interest. Later he went up into inland Oregon to look after the engineering work of one of the great railroad companies that were opening up that vast undeveloped country. Boschke was in camp, forty miles from the railroad, says the Technical World. One day an exhausted messenger rode in and handed a telegram to Boschke's assistant. The message said that the Galveston wall had been washed away by a second furious hurricane. The assistant was very much disturbed, but there was nothing to do but to lay the telegram before his chief.

Boschke glanced up from it, smiling. "This telegram is a lie," he said calmly. "I built that wall to stand." Then he turned to the work in hand.

His confidence was justified. The message was based on a false report. There had been a storm as severe as that which had flooded the city, but the wall stood firm.

AMENDED SHAKESPEARE.

The Actor Was Shy on His Lines, but Rose to the Occasion.

William Gillette in the course of an address made to the graduates of the American Academy of Dramatic Arts told this story:

"When I was in Booth's company years ago," the actor said, "we had to be up in many parts. Frequently the actors would have to double in a performance when the roles outnumbered the people. I remember one time we were playing 'Hamlet.' When the time came in the players' scene for the man to poison the king it was found that the particular actor selected for the part was on the stage in another role.

"Immediately the stage manager grabbed an actor who was getting ready to continue in another role. The actor was wrapped in a big mantle, handed a bottle and told to hurry on the stage and do the poisoning. Nobody would recognize him, said the stage manager.

"But," protested the actor, "what are my lines?" "Oh, you know," replied the stage manager. "That poetry stuff?" "Sure!"

"All right," said the actor. Then he strode on the stage with his bottle, and, bending over the king, said: "Nobility here, nobility near! I'll pour the poison in his ear!"

—New York American.

Advice. "My cup of joy is very full," sings a poet. Well, let it be, gentle one. Don't try to change places with the cup.—New Orleans Picayune.

PREVENTION OF PNEUMONIA.

It Is Largely a Question of Personal Precaution.

Pneumonia is particularly a disease of city life and crowded living. With our present knowledge the prospects are hopeful for the control of pneumonia in the future through prevention. This is of special importance to the individual. The avoidance of pneumonia is largely a question of personal precautions that prevent the development of the disease by lessening the predisposition to it.

Men in middle life, particularly those about fifty, must learn during unsettled weather to avoid crowds, especially when fatigued and when they have been for a number of hours without eating. Late at night, when for any reason a meal had been missed, crowds are dangerous. If this lesson could be generally learned there would be less pneumonia among the well to do classes. The principal danger comes in crowded street cars, which, if possible, should be avoided at rush hours. It needs to be emphasized that the danger from overcrowding is greatly enhanced by fatigue and going without food.

In a word, prevention of pneumonia is now much clearer than it was. Like all the other infectious diseases, instead of being a more or less inevitable dispensation, it has come to be recognized as due to certain definite factors which can be greatly lessened by public and individual hygienic regulations.—Journal of the American Medical Association.

THE GREAT PYRAMIDS.

Methods of Building and Wonderful Accuracy of Measurement.

Herodotus thus describes the building of the pyramid of Cheops, and his deductions are probably as correct as those of any archaeologist of today, for the modern investigators have had to depend very much on the accounts for their interpretations of inscriptions, etc.:

"This pyramid was first built in the form of a flight of steps. After the workmen had completed the pyramid in this form they raised the other stones by means of machines, made of short beams, from the ground to the first tier of steps. After the stone was placed there it was raised to the second tier by another machine, for there were as many machines as there were tiers of steps, or perhaps the same machine. If it was easily moved. The highest part of the pyramid was thus finished first, the parts adjoining it were taken next, and the lowest part, that nearest the earth, was taken last." One thing that has been especially noted in the pyramids is the wonderful accuracy of measurement. In the great pyramid of Gizeh the four sides have a mean error of only six-tenths of an inch and twelve seconds in angle from a perfect square. The construction of this pyramid is thought to have employed 100,000 men for thirty years or more, probably half a century.—Atlanta Constitution.

How the Pulse Varies.

The human pulse has rather a wide range, but the general average may be put about as follows: At birth, 140; at two years, 100; at from sixteen to nineteen years, 80; at manhood, 75; old age, 60. There are, however, great variations consistent with health. Napoleon's pulse is said to have been only forty-four in the minute. A case is also related of a healthy man of eighty-seven whose pulse was seldom over thirty during the last two years of his life and sometimes not more than twenty-eight. Another man of eighty-seven years of age enjoyed good health and spirits with a pulse of twenty-nine, and there is also on record the curious instance of a man whose pulse in health was never more than forty-five, and, to be consistent in his inconsistency, when he had fever his pulse fell to forty instead of rising, as is usual.

"Talesman" in English Law.

A talesman, according to English law, is a juror summoned to fill a gap, and formerly, at any rate, this was often done by taking any suitable person who was present in court. "Tales de circumstantibus" ("such of the bystanders") were the first words of the order directing this process. Good Pickwickians may remember that, as only ten special jurymen were present on a memorable occasion, Mr. Serjeant Buzfuz "prayed" tales, whereupon two of the common jurymen, one of whom was the unfortunate chemist, were pressed into the service.—London Standard.

A Pertinent Query.

The old gentleman looked Perley in the eye. "Can you support my daughter in the style to which she is accustomed?" he demanded. "No, colonel, I can't," replied Perley. "But let me ask you, sir, could you have done so at my age?"—Harper's Weekly.

The Lure.

"You're wanted at home, father." "Who says so?" "Mother." "Did she say anything else?" "She said if you didn't come at once she'd come and fetch you." "Come on, boy, let's go home."—Fleegende Blatter.

More Reliable.

"Now, I want a canary that will sing right away and that will sing what I like, one that won't get the pip or die the first week."

"You don't want a canary, my friend. What you want is a music box."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

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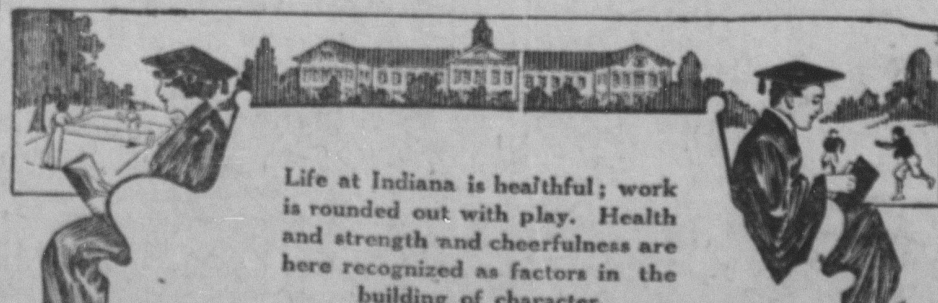
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